

GERMANS BRINGING MEN FROM RUSSIA FOR NEXT ASSAULT

Taken As Sign They Are
Running Short Of
Reserves

LULL CONTINUES

Another Drive Expected
Soon Though Its Location
Is In Doubt

FIGHT AT RHEIMS

Attack Made Against
French Is Smothered By
Artillery Fire

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19, 5.50 p.m.—
Reuter's correspondent at British
headquarters wires today: The un-
natural stillness on the whole British
front continues. Nobody doubts that
it is deceptive, for a renewed effort
by the enemy cannot be much longer
delayed. No one pretends to know
where he will strike but the fact that
he is bringing his last available man
from Russia shows that he means big
business. It is also a proof of the
fact, on which we hardly dared base
our hopes, namely, that he does not
consider his numbers sufficient for the
immense effort he intends to make.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig re-
ported this morning:
We carried out a successful raid
southward of Hebuterne.

We captured the post in the
Vieux-Berquin sector which we lost
on the 14th.

The French repulsed an attempted
raid in the Lœre sector.

The hostile artillery was active in
the valley of the Ancre, about
Mercurat, and also in the neighbor-
hood of Merris.

Raid Near Bethune

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig
reports this evening: We carried out
a successful raid last night north-
eastward of Bethune and took a few
prisoners. We repulsed raiders early
this morning eastward of Hebuterne
with loss.

Our aeroplanes, despite the cloudy
weather, yesterday carried out
observation work and destroyed
fifteen German machines during fight-
ing in the air, while they drove down
five others. Eight British machines
are missing.

We dropped nineteen tons of bombs
during the daytime. Work was im-
possible during the night, owing to
rain.

A German official communique re-
ports: Attacks made by the French
early this morning against the north-
eastern part of Villers-Cotteret Wood
failed. The assaults were repeated
several times during the day and
slightly pressed back our line east-
ward of Montgobert.

Our artillery and mine-throwers
strongly bombarded the enemy pos-
itions near Rheims. Our infantry
followed up and brought back fifty
prisoners.

American Official Reports

The American official communique
today reports:

Gas was extensively used in Woivre
and Lorraine.

Our patrols crossed the Marne and
brought back prisoners. Four Amer-
icans are missing.

We repulsed with loss an attempted
raid in Woivre.

Our aviators successfully bombarded
the railroad yards and tracks at
Conflans last night.

The American official communique
issued last evening reported:

There has been continued artillery-
ing in the region of Chateau Thierry
and also on the Marne front.

Our patrols crossed the Marne last
night and secured some prisoners.

French Crush Attacks

Paris, June 19.—The official com-
munique issued this afternoon re-
ported:

Last night the Germans attacked
on a front extending from the region
of Virgny to east of La Pompelle.
The French resisted very success-
fully.

The official communique issued last
evening reported:

The artillery activity has been
fairly lively northwest of Montdidier.

Allies Must Stand By Russia And Help, Opinion Of Asquith

Would Be Shortsighted To Leave
It To Its Own Fate,
He Says

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, June 18.—In the House of
Commons today Mr. Asquith, follow-
ing Mr. Bonar Law, paid a tribute to
the constant and undaunted temper
of the nation.

He urged that it was in the interests
of the Allied cause that full and
authoritative information with regard
to the progress of the campaign should
be given from time to time and he
asked for information with regard to
the operations in Palestine, Mesopo-
tamia, Salonica and the collapse of
Russia.

We could not close our eyes to what
was going on in Russia nor to its
future relations to the Allied cause.
He was not disposed to wipe Russia
off the slate or to treat her as non-
existent or to assume the attitude
that she must stew in her own juice.
That would be a policy of fatal short-
sightedness. He advocated the build-
ing up of an intimate alliance with
Russia with all the resources of
diplomacy and, if need be, with naval
and military assistance. Russia stood
to gain more by the defeat of Ger-
many than any one of the separate
members of the Alliance. Mr. Asquith
urged that it should be stated publicly
that we are as anxious as ever to have
Russia on our side and assurances
should be given to the great Russian
democracy that they have our
sympathy in their present anxieties
and turmoil.

With regard to the appointment of
a Generalissimo they were perfectly
certain that if unity of command was
necessary there was no soldier in the
whole Allied forces to whom they
could give more trusting and complete
confidence than the illustrious Foch.
Mr. Asquith asked for assurances
that measures were being taken to
replace the wastage of combatants
and also to improve the means of
communication, as the enemy's ex-
ample in that connection enabling
them to move divisions in an in-
credibly short time by night had been
a lesson to us.

Finally he reiterated the firmest
belief not only in the goodness but in
the eventual triumph of the Allied
cause.

Mr. A. F. Whyte, Liberal M. P.
for Perth, contributed to the debate
a glowing tribute upon the vast and
glorious effort the Italian people had
put forth and urged that greater
publicity should be given with regard
to our unquestioning appreciation of
that effort.

In reply to a question asked by Mr.
R. D. Holt, Mr. A. Bonar Law in-
dicated that the Government would at
a later stage reply to the points raised
during the debate.

FORMER CONSUL DENBY SPEAKS AT TIFFIN TODAY

Trade Board Representative And
Mr. E. C. Pearce To Talk
On War Themes

The Saturday Club meets for tiffin
at the Carlton at 12.15 p.m. today.

The speakers of the day will be Mr.
Charles Denby, who will talk of
"Some American War Activities," and
Mr. E. C. Pearce, Chairman of the
Municipal Council, whose topic will
be "The Unity of the Allies." Mr.
Denby, who was formerly American
Consul-General in Shanghai and was
afterward Consul-General at Vienna,
is now in China making investi-
gations for the United States War
Trade Board.

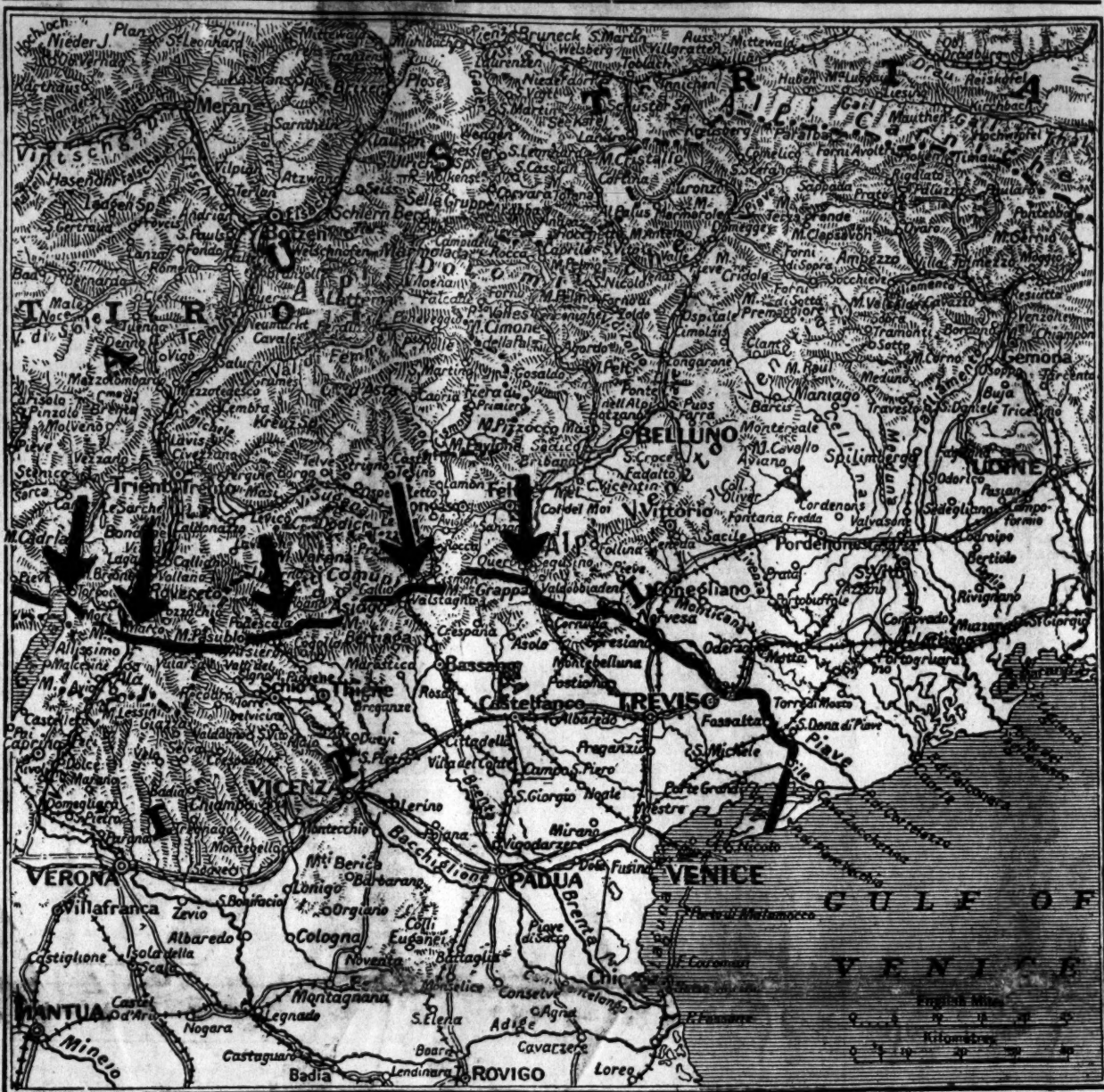
Admiral Tsi Ting-kan, Commis-
sioner of the International Tariff Re-
vision Conference, will be chairman
of the meeting.

Those who have not yet made
their reservations for the tiffin may
do so by telephoning the Carlton
Club or Mr. George Fitch, the Club
Secretary—Central 5198—before 11
a.m. today. Members may bring
guests.

'WHAT WILL SAVE CHINA?'

Mr. M. T. Stauffer, Secretary of
the Special Committee on the
Missionary Survey of China, will
give his fourth address to the mem-
bers of the Sunday Service League
and friends tomorrow at 5 p.m. in
the Martyn Memorial Hall, 129
Seachuan Road. His subject will be
"What will save China?" All Eng-
lish speaking friends are welcome.

Map Shows Many Points Of The Great Austrian Drive, Now Halted



The arrows indicate direction of main Austrian attacks. From right to left they mark the valleys
of the Piave, the Brenta, the Astico, the Adige and of Lago di Garda. Note how the first three
point at the Trento-Vicenza Railroad, it was evidently the Austrian attention to break through here and
seize the railroad which would have compelled the Italians to fall back along the whole line of the
Piave. An article analysing the situation on this front and the possibilities of the offensive will be found on
the editorial page

WOMAN'S EXCHANGE NETS OVER \$1,000 MONTHLY

American Ladies Will Serve Tea
For Red Cross Today And
Tuesday

The American Woman's Exchange,
after six highly successful months
of operation, is to close for the
summer at the end of this month
and final teas for this season will
be given today and next Tuesday.
The Shop during its active existence
under the efficient management of
Mrs. Morris and Mrs. Brodie has
averaged over \$1,000 every month
for the Red Cross Shop and tea
rooms have been voted in every way
a success by both the workers and
patrons.

When the Exchange opens in the
fall it will be in a new location and
the present location will by that time
be occupied by the new Union Jack
Club. The Race Club officials who
are establishing the new home for
the British jockeys have already
taken over the premises next door
to the shop on Bubbling Well Road
and a few days ago approached the
ladies in charge of the Exchange
with the proposition that if they
would turn over that location to
augment the quarters for the
Club they would undertake to furnish
and renovate new rooms for the
Shop. The ladies expressed a warm
sympathy with the objects of the
Union Jack Club and promptly
accepted the offer. The advisability
of moving into new quarters this
summer was then brought up and it
was decided that since so many of
the women workers are leaving
Shanghai for the season it would be
better to wait until autumn before
opening the Shop again.

It is announced that the drawings
for the diamond brooch and the old
blackwood tables will take place be-
fore the end of the month, at a time
and place to be announced later.
Tickets may still be had at the
Shop.

Hostesses at today's tea will be
Mrs. Petreoli, Miss Watson, Miss
Powell, Miss McKloskey, Miss Trout-
wine and Mrs. Prowett.

League Of Nations Hangs On Germany, Grey Writes

All Allies Will Favor Concert Of Powers, Says
Britain's Former Foreign Secretary

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—Viscount Grey
of Fallodon has broken his prolonged
silence on political affairs by
publishing a pamphlet written on
May 11 explaining in concise terms
some of the essentials of the League
of Nations.

He begins by showing that the
first condition of the League is that
it must be adopted with earnestness
and conviction by the executive
heads of states. This condition, he
maintains, is present as regards the
United States and it is or will be as
regards all the Allies, while among
their enemies Austria has publicly
shown a disposition to accept the
proposal and probably welcomes it
genuinely, though secretly, as a
safeguard not only against her old
enemies but against Prussian domi-
nation. Small states, belligerent
and neutral, must, he thinks,
naturally join the League as a safe-
guard against aggression.

With regard to Germany when
and where the recent military suc-
cesses and the ascendancy of
Prussian militarism have silenced
the advocates of anything but force,
she will have to be convinced that
force does not pay and that the
aims and policy of her military
rulers inflict intolerable suffering
upon her. Till Germany feels this to
be true, a League of Nations in the
sense intended by President Wilson
will be impossible, for a League such
as President Wilson desires must
include Germany.

The second condition is that the
Governments and peoples of the
States willing to found the League
must understand clearly that it must
impose a limitation upon the nation-

al action of each and may entail
some inconvenient obligation. The
stronger nations must forego their
right to make their interests prevail
against weaker states by force before
settlement by a conference, concil-
iation or arbitration has been
tried. The obligation is that if any
limitation refuses to observe this
limitation and rejects peaceful
methods and resorts to force, then
the other nations must use their
combined economic or military force
against it. Anything less than this
is valueless.

Viscount Grey tells a story of an
African chief who protested against
paying taxes, saying that before the
British came he could get all he
wanted by raiding his neighbor and,
as for protection, he was quite ready
to protect his tribe from similar
raids.

After this war will the view of
great States, asks Viscount Grey, be
that of the African chief or of in-
dividuals of what we call civilized
nations?

He emphasises that with the in-
ventions of science, war is getting
more terrible and more destructive.
Viscount Grey mentions poison gas,
attacking undefended towns from
the sea and big cities from the air,
adopted first by Germany, who thus
forced reprisals. What will war
twenty years hence be like? If
there is to be concentrated pre-
paration for more war the re-
searches of science will henceforth
be devoted to discover methods by
means of which the human race can
be destroyed. Even the Germans
are not blind to this, but, so far as
they are concerned, they are not
(Continued on Page 8)

DECISION IS REACHED BY TARIFF COMMISSION

New Schedule Will Allow Effec-
tive Five Percent Tariff
For China

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, June 21.—The Maritime
Customs Tariff Revision Conference
in Shanghai has arrived at a decision
which will allow the early applica-
tion of an effective 5 percent tariff
instead of a specific duty fixed ac-
cording to the values of 1897-8-9, to
which the present values represent
less than 3 percent.

The new tariff will be prepared on
a basis of the values of merchandise
during 1912-16, the determination of
such values being left to the Con-
ference, which will seek guidance
from the valuations in the returns of
the Chinese Customs and all other
available evidence.

Finally, the new tariff will be sub-
ject to revision, wholly or in part,
two years after the termination of
the war. It is understood that the
delegates of the countries concerned
will be advised by telegraph by their
respective legations to complete the
work of revision within three months
if possible.

The above agreement has been
approved by the respective foreign
governments and merely requires the
sanction of the Chinese authorities,
which may be taken for granted as
it is highly advantageous to China.

The Weather

Misty and hot. The maximum
temperature yesterday was 89.8
and the minimum 70.9, the figures
for the corresponding day last year
being 72.5 and 66.6.

GERMANS MAKING ALIBIS FOR DEFEAT OF AUSTRIAN DRIVE

Press Is Printing Excuses
For Failure Of Offensive,
Against Italy

ITALIANS HOLDING

Teutons Unable To Make
Further Progress Against
Fierce Resistance

CARNAGE GHASTLY

Enemy Directing Greatest
Effort Between Montello
And Sea

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—The Germans
are beginning to find excuses for the
failure of the Austrian offensive.

The Berner Tageblatt, the official
organ of the German Embassy at
Bern, declares that Austria has not
the slightest interest in extending
her occupation of Italian territory
and her simultaneous assault along
the whole front is merely meant to
prevent the Italians sending new
divisions to help France.

A telegram from Milan states that
the carnage along the Piave is
horrible. The current is carrying
down thousands of corpses with
broken barges and blood-bespattered
pontons.

A captured Major of the Austrian
army said that he was the only
survivor of a battalion which had
crossed the river.

The position on the Italian front
after four and a half days fighting
is generally regarded as highly
satisfactory. The initial gains made
by the Austrians are gradually being
reduced by local counter-attacks.
For example, the Austrians now
hold only one-third of Montello
heights.

Battle Between Montello And Sea

The main Austrian effort is be-
tween Montello and the sea, the
object being to push on to the plains
and to take Treviso. There are no
indications up to the present that
this aim will be realised for the
Italians possess plenty of unused
reserves and are fighting well.

An official despatch from British
headquarters in Italy reports:

The situation on the British front
is unchanged. Our artillery carried
out bombardments and a harassing
fire. The enemy's artillery was in-
active. We have now captured seven
guns.

There has been heavy fighting on
the Piave front. The enemy made
little if any progress yesterday. The
river is in flood, and many of the
enemy's bridges have been washed
away.

Vienna Reports Successes

(By wire)—An Austrian official
communique reports:

Field Marshal von Boroevic's
southern wing in its steady advance
has obtained fresh advantages and
the Fosseetta Canal has been crossed
at some points.

The Italians are staking every-
thing to stop our advance and prison-
ers have been taken from numerous
units. The most stubborn attacks of
the enemy, especially on both sides of
the Oderzo-Treviso Railway, broke
down with heavy losses.

The Archduke Joseph's divisions
have pierced several of the Italian
lines near Savio, at the southern
foot of Montello.

Our gains between the Piave and
the Brenta and southeastward of
Asiago were again subjected to bitter
assaults. Despite his great sacrifices
the enemy was unable to obtain the
advantage anywhere.

The Italians repeatedly but fruit-
lessly advanced on Dosso Alto.

Rome, June 19.—The Italian com-
munique says:

During the night-time on Monday
and yesterday the enemy did not
renew his attack from Asiago Plateau
to Montello.

We completely repulsed partial
actions in the Monte Grappa and
Montello regions.

We carried out thrusts on Asiago
Plateau, where detachments of the

Allied troops captured scores of prisoners.

Our unceasing pressure shortened the front opened by the enemy southward of the Monte Belluno Railway. Our deadly concentrations of artillery fire are not giving any truce to the enemy masses on the battlefield or moving in the back areas.

Battle Resumed On Piave
After a quiet morning along the Piave yesterday the battle broke out furiously in the afternoon. A fresh attempt made by the enemy to cross the right bank from San Andrea to Candelo was repulsed.

On the embankments of the river between Candelo and Fossalta our strenuous defense tried the enemy's impetuosity. His impetuosity was broken by the unshaken valor of our infantry.

Equally intense but on a vaster front the struggle raged in the Fossalta sector southeastward of Meolo.

Northward of Capoville the enemy, followed up by us, defended himself desperately and every yard was the theater of an epic struggle.

The Italian and the Allied aeroplanes are participating in the battle, dropping 15,000 kilos of bombs and firing tens of thousands of rounds of machine-gun ammunition at the vulnerable targets offered by the Austrian troops which are forced into a narrow space on the right bank of the Piave.

The battle is continuing bitterly. The enemy, in order to preserve some of the initial advantages he has gained, does not heed the immense losses which our rifles, guns and airmen have been inflicting for the past five days.

Our prisoners now total 9,011 and our captives including many guns and several hundred machine-guns, while fifty enemy aeroplanes have been brought down. Only two Italian or Allied machines have not returned.

British Front Unchanged
London, June 19.—Reuter's correspondent at Italian headquarters, wiring yesterday, reports: There has been no change on the British front.

Further particulars of the attack on our right division show that the early morning mist helped the enemy and rendered difficult our fire. They advanced in great numbers, carrying flamethrowers, after a heavy bombardment of our front line with gas and of our second line with shrapnel. Our machine-gun fire stopped them dead on the left flank but on the right the enemy managed to enter some 100 yards of our front trenches.

The line was gallantly restored in the afternoon by Yorkshire troops. One of our officers in command of an advanced post, after losing all his men, succeeded in killing two machine-gun teams, captured the guns and turned them on the enemy.

At one time the enemy penetrated the battalion headquarters on our right. The commanding officer collected the personnel, such as the cook and others, and drove the enemy out, took twenty prisoners and captured some machine-guns and a flamethrower.

In the original attack on our left the only party who got in were ten Austrians, all of whom were promptly killed.

Montello Hinge Of Offensive
Reuter's correspondent at Italian headquarters, in a message sent yesterday, reports:

Montello, an oval-shaped chain of hills, which is the hinge of the Austrian offensive, has been occupied for several months by the British who came to Italy under General Plumer.

The British division occupies the southwestern ridges of Asiago Plateau, with the French on their right. The British, after reconquering the advanced positions which they momentarily abandoned on Saturday morning with a view to strengthening their line did not merely resist all the Austrian attempts but gallantly counter-attacked in a fashion that caused their Italian superior officer to remark: "They are slamming the gates of Italy in the face of the invader."

A detachment of British cyclists accomplished heroic deeds. They were changing position and moving along the sunken road parallel to the front when they suddenly ran into a vastly superior contingent of Austrian troops barring the way.

Instead of fleeing the cyclists dismounted and advanced with fixed bayonets. Simultaneously the Austrians were ordered to charge. The two waves of bayonets clashed and a terrific fight ensued. The splendid physique and undaunted courage of the British cyclists proved too much for the Austrians who fled, discarding their rifles. The British pursued them and captured many rifles and prisoners.

Italians Able Handling Reserves
London, June 19.—Reuter's correspondent at Italian headquarters in a message dated the 17th reports: One of the most successful features of the organization of the Italian Army consists of the wise distribution and rapid handling of the reserves.

This is illustrated by a brilliant feat in the British sector which further testified to the splendid camaraderie existing between the British and Italians. The British defenders of a certain position were ordered to retire with a view to straightening the salient. A small detachment was left on the crest of a mountain 3,000 feet high to cover

the withdrawal. The Austrians tried to overwhelm the detachment but the latter, though almost completely surrounded and outnumbered tenfold, held the enemy at bay.

The Commander of a detachment of Alpini on the left of the British formation decided, on his own initiative, to attempt to rescue the Britishers. The question was whether the Alpini could arrive in time to find the defenders alive. The Commander of the Alpini said, "Men, we should be too late if any but the British bull-dogs were defending the position and any but Alpini chamois were rushing to the rescue."

The Italians thereupon dashed forward shouting, "Viva Inghilterra!" and were received by the Britishers with cheers for Italy. The Austrians, surprised, wavered, and the Commander of the British detachment leapt from the trench and ordered his men to charge, whereupon the Austrians withdrew rather than face an attack on their front and flank.

Allied Heroism In Defense
The Austrians hold only one-third of Montello.

A British official despatch from Italian headquarters states that the situation on the British front is unchanged.

General the Earl of Cavan particularly draws attention to the fighting qualities displayed by the Northumberland Fusiliers, Sherwood Foresters, Royal Warwickshire and Oxford and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry in the battle on the 15th.

The British and Italian artillery displayed great initiative causing very heavy losses to the enemy.

Owing to a mist the air force was not able to operate during practically the whole battle but gallantly delayed the advance of the enemy across the Piave.

The total number of prisoners taken by the British exceeds 1,000 and the material captured includes five mountain-guns, seventy-two machine-guns, twenty flame-throwers and one trench-mortar.

Rome, June 18.—A semi-official communiqué, which deals at length with the heroism of various units, mentions the Northumberland Fusiliers, the Sherwood Foresters, the Royal Warwickshire and the Oxford and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, who resisted magnificently on front-lines which had been destroyed by the Austrian bombardment, even after the enemy had passed and counter-attacked with such impetus that they re-established the situation.

Altogether the sixth Italian army with its French and British contingents sustained the attack of fifteen divisions.

Captured enemy reports show that the Austrian troops were to advance at all costs "because the Italians will surrender in masses" and they expressed surprise at the splendid resistance offered. One enemy report says: "The situation is very desperate, our units are mixed up, the ammunition is running and the attack is enormously difficult."

Captured enemy officers are unanimous in declaring that the Austrian offensive has failed.

London, June 18.—Mr. H. Warner Allen, in a message sent from the Italian front yesterday, reports:

The enemy is rushing up reserves to the Piave where alone he has obtained a limited success. The moment has come for the reserves to play their part and the Italians in this are having the advantage as they hold the interior line with the great roads of the plain for the concentration of troops and are admirably provided with motor transport. The Italians have adopted a masterly method "the offensive-defensive."

Every enemy advance is followed by a counter-attack pushed home very rapidly and with great decision and in several cases batteries have been recovered and prisoners released by the speed of the counter-attack.

It is not believed that there are any German regiments on the Italian front, although probably German commanders have been sent to see that the German plan is carried out in accordance with German rules and habit.

American Aviators Leave To Fly On Italian Front

Rome, June 19.—The first detachment of American aviators, all volunteers, have left for the Italian front.

BREAD RATION IS CUT IN HALF FOR VIENNESE

Also Price Of Grain Is Increased In Germany, Showing Food Dearth

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—The fact that the food situation in Austria and Germany is growing worse is made evident by the reduction of the bread-ration in Vienna by half, namely to 90 grammes per head per day, and by the increase in the price of grain in Germany. In this connection the Vorwärts declares that the dearth of living has already produced a vast amount of discontent and it also points out that the grain prices in England compare favorably with grain prices in Germany.

American Soda Fountain Ice Cream Soda

All the latest American Drinks

at

Sullivan's Fine Candies

11 Nanking Road

Construction Is Begun On 'Gym' For St. John's

University To Have New Building With Most Of Funds Raised Here

The construction of the new Cooper Memorial Gymnasium and Swimming Pool was started at St. John's University this month. The University has long been in need of a gymnasium building and the project has been in the minds of the authorities for many years, but the more pressing need of other buildings has forced it into the background. In the Spring of 1917 it was decided to erect a memorial to the late Prof. P. C. Cooper, M.Sc., who for twenty years was in charge of the Science department of the University. Professor Cooper was always interested in athletics among the students and was responsible for the system of compulsory exercise and for the formation of the student battalion.

A plan was laid before the alumni and students by Dr. F. L. Hawker Pott, wherein it was proposed that the alumni and the student body should each raise one fourth of the necessary building fund, the college should contribute one fourth, and that the remainder be raised in America.

The response to the appeal was so generous that the allotment was exceeded and to date the alumni have raised \$10,000. The alumni campaign netted \$8,000. The college contributed \$7,000 and Dr. Pott raised \$6,000 in America, making a total of \$31,000. With which to start building.

The plans for the gymnasium were drawn by Shattuck and Hussey. The contract was let to Yau Kyong Kee for \$25,000.

The new gymnasium is located at the rear of the Middle School building, occupying part of what has been used as a playground for the students, and extends along Sochow Creek. It is convenient to the athletic field. In general appearance it will conform to the other buildings of the University, being two-storied, of red brick, and having a black-tiled Chinese roof with upturned corners. The east elevation of the building, containing the swimming pool, will be of one story with a skylight over the pool.

The ground floor of the gymnasium is given over to a large student locker room, a locker and reception room for visiting teams, lavatories, showers, boilers, etc. The swimming pool is 60 by 21 feet with a space for spectators at one end.

The gymnasium will be on the second floor of the building. The clear floor space is 75 by 42 feet. At one end are rooms for the physical director and above them a gallery for spectators.

Construction on the building is well under way and it is hoped that it will be ready for use by the end of this year. The corner stone will be laid as part of the Commencement Day Exercises, June 29.

SPECIAL CONSTABLES START DUTY TONIGHT

Fifteen Of 58 Qualifying For Berths Will Patrol Districts Of Settlement

The special constables start their duty tours in all parts of the Settlement tonight, 15 of the 58 who have passed the required tests having been assigned to patrol duty from seven until nine o'clock. Four men will be attached to some stations while other districts will only have two specials.

The newly appointed constables will be on duty one night in every three, 15 or 16 reporting to the stations nightly.

A second class, numbering nearly 70 men, will finish the training course at the Gordon Road Training Depot the last of the month and will make their appearance on the street July 1.

More men are needed for the department and applications may still be made to Captain Superintendent K. J. McEuen at the Central Police Station.

PARIS SHOWS GERMANS HAVE LOST FAR MORE PLANES THAN ALLIES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 19.—As an example of the lack of veracity in German official communications, the Germans lost 48 aeroplanes on the West front on the 2nd and 4th on the 8th and 10th while they acknowledged only 10 as lost on the 2nd and 8 on the 9th and 10th. The British brought down 33 out of these 48.

The French in January lost twenty aeroplanes, compared with 78 lost by the Germans. The figures in February were 18 and 79 respectively, on March 50 and 186, in April 46 and 136 and in May 60 and 356.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL IN ENGLAND JUSTIFIED

Taking Over Of Wool Alone Has Saved Country £25,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—In the House of Commons this evening Mr. A. Bonar Law, speaking during the report stage of the vote of credit, justified complete control of various commodities. He said that the country saved £25,000,000 last year by taking over the wool clip in co-operation with the Dominions. The Ministry of Munitions had reduced the cost of an eighteen-pounder gun by £200 since 1915, a 4.5 Howitzer by £385 and Howitzer shells by 40/- each, despite the rise in wages and the cost of materials. If the price paid in 1915 was still being paid for ammunition for these two weapons, the cost would have been another £45,000,000.

The heads of the Contract Departments of the War Office, Admiralty and Ministry of Munitions were being formed into a committee with Lord Colwyn as chairman. Useful results were expected.

Dominions May Keep Envoys In England

Proposal Made To Have Permanent Representatives In London During War

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—The Morning Post states that it is proposed that resident members of the Dominions in London shall be appointed at least for the duration of the war, in addition to the High Commissioners. They will deal with all war matters concerning the Dominions. It remains undecided whether they shall all be members of the War Cabinet like General Smuts and Mr. W. M. Hughes.

More To Be Loaned On Kirin Railway

Advance Of Yen 10,000,000 By Japan Is Only A Preliminary

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, June 21.—As already stated, the Kirin-Hullin Railway Agreement is only a preliminary affair. The Japanese advance the Chinese Yen 10,000,000, retaining Yen 10,000,000 for surveys and other preliminary work, and the Chinese give the Japanese two Treasury Bills, each for Yen 10,000,000, payable in six months and bearing interest at six percent, renewable from time to time, after payment of interest. When an accurate estimate of the whole cost of construction has been obtained, a further agreement will be made, after which a loan for approximately Yen 30,000,000 will be floated in Japan.

MAIL NOTICES

MAILS CLOSE.

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tsumi M. June 24
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru June 28
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yshiro M. July 1

For U.S. Canada and Europe:—
Per P.M. s.s. Colombia June 22
Per C.M. s.s. China June 24
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kashima M. June 30
For Europe:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hirano M. June 23

MAILS DUE.

Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo Maru June 27
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela June 28
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. July 1

150,000 CZECHO-SLAVS ORGANISED IN RUSSIA

90,000 Are In Siberia And Remainder In Penza, Don And Kuban Districts

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—The Stockholm Correspondent of the Times states that the Czecho-Slovaks who are troubling the Lenin Government number 150,000 of whom 60,000 are in the Penza, Don and Kuban districts and the remainder in Siberia.

NO PASSPORT TO LONDON FOR DUTCH SOCIALIST

Troelstra Confers With Scheide-mann Before Planned Trip To London

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

The Hague, June 18.—The German Socialist Leader, Herr Scheide-mann, after an interview with the Dutch Socialist leader Troelstra, returned to Berlin. So far Troelstra has not received passports to proceed to England and it is believed that he may not receive them.

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£100,000 NEEDED IN 1918 IN SYRIA AND PALESTINE

Relief Fund Makes Appeal For
Money To Take Care Of
Destitute

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, June 19.—Press Bureau: The Syria and Palestine Relief Fund needs £100,000 more during 1918. This fund is playing a great part in the reconstruction of Syria and Palestine by the British administration, which has already achieved remarkable results in remedying the conditions due to the ruthlessness of the Turks; namely, terrible starvation and disease, especially at Lebanon, where there have been over 150,000 deaths.

The work of the fund consists, firstly, of the distribution of food and clothing to thousands of refugees and those unable to earn a livelihood; secondly, medical relief; thirdly, the care of children, including numberless orphans and, fourthly, providing employment.

BRILLIANT VICTORY WON BY FRENCH IN MOROCCO

Definite Communication With
Algeria Is Opened Through
Innacen Valley

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Paris, June 17.—A fine French success is reported from Morocco on the 12th and 13th June, insuring a definite connection between Morocco and Algeria through the Innacen Valley.

Unity Is Only Issue Says Lloyd-George

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, June 19.—The Premier, in a letter to Mr. Greer, the Coalition Candidate in the Clapham bye-election, who is being opposed, says that the only issue at present is national unity in the resolve to subordinate everything to winning the war. The Germans are bent on undermining the moral of the Allies by promoting dissension and distrust behind the lines. We have got to show that until the attempt of its unscrupulous military oligarchy to impose its despotism on the world has been definitely defeated nothing can turn us aside from our goal. Only through winning can we realise the ideals of freedom for which we entered the war.

British Plan To Ask Damages From Russia

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, June 18.—Mr. A. J. Balfour, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has appointed a Committee to ascertain the particulars of British property in Russia and to register the claims for compensation in that connection.

Austrian Dreadnaught Is Believed Torpedoed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Rome, June 19.—The Minister of Marine states that the floating debris leads to the presumption that the second Austrian dreadnaught recently torpedoed in the Adriatic also sank.

Obituary

Mr. J. W. Laidlaw Buried
Funeral services for Mr. J. W. Laidlaw, Standard Oil Company installation manager at Wuhu, took place yesterday at the Bubbling Well Cemetery. The Rev. Charles B. Dawmont read the service. The pallbearers were Messrs. W. H. Rodgers, E. D. Drake, F. J. Twogood and J. H. Black and Captains Eisler and Crum.
Wreaths were sent by Messrs. H. D. Godfrey, R. A. Schilling, N. G. Wood, E. H. Staber, S. T. Clarke, the Standard Oil Company of New York, Shanghai Office, Captain and Mrs. N. F. Carleson, Captain E. Hieber, Miss C. E. Sauer, Mr. and Mrs. Gee, Mr. and Mrs. Egan, Mr. and Mrs. E. Shanstrom and others.

SUSPICIOUS INCREASE ON LIMBURG RAILWAY

Seventy-Two Trains Daily Pass
From Germany To Belgium
And Vice-Versa

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
The Hague, June 18.—It is stated that the increased traffic on the Limburg Railway amounts to seventy-two train-loads daily from Germany to Belgium and vice-versa and that the British Government views this great increase with suspicion and is asking the Netherlands Government to furnish a clear explanation of the nature of the goods in transit in order to ascertain whether they are for military purposes.

Cupid Is On Rampage In Nanking Foreign Circle

China Press Correspondence
Nanking, June 20.—A number of Nanking's most popular young people have entered wedlock this spring, or are about to do so.
Prof. Harry Clemons of the University and Miss Jenkins were married at Whelien a month ago.
On June 6th, Mr. L. J. Owen, treasurer of the University, and Miss Naomi Botes, popular teacher and principal of the Nanking Foreign School, were married at the home of Prof. Reimer.
Last evening, June 19, Rev. Lewis H. Lancaster, a second year language student, and Miss Eliza Neville, who has just completed the first year's work in the Language School, were married at the home of Dr. Price.
The marriage of Mr. W. H. Weigel, Jr. to Miss Anna Keesman is announced to take place on the 25th inst. These young people have also been taking their first year's work in the Missionary Training Department (Language School) of the University.

News Brevities

Judgment for Tls. 125 and costs was entered yesterday in the British Supreme Court against Messrs. H. Goldenberg and Co. The claim was filed by Messrs. Atkinson and Dallas, Ltd., on account of rent due for premises at 2a Hankow Road from February to June. The plaintiffs were represented by Mr. A. G. Mossop and the defendants by Mr. Goldenberg. The latter admitted liability.

Dr. C. S. F. Lincoln of St. John's University leaves on the Colombia this afternoon for the United States.

St. Mary's Girl School, Jessfield, will hold its commencement exercises Thursday at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon. Class Day exercises will take place Wednesday at 5 o'clock and a baccalaureate service will be held Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

The twenty-second annual commencement of St. John's University will be held next Saturday, June 29, on which day also will be laid the corner stone of the new Cooper Gymnasium.

A 17-year old youth was sentenced to five years in the reformatory by the Mixed Court yesterday for snatching an earring from a woman on Purdon Road.

A tailor and a coolie charged with stealing a cotton jacket from a house on Mohawk Road were given two years' imprisonment apiece in the Mixed Court yesterday.

Two men found guilty of running a lottery were given terms of three months each by the Mixed Court yesterday.

The Hanyehping Company has turned over the sum of \$1,000 to the American Red Cross Society, following the recent directors' meeting.

A small fire in the M. Matthews and Son's godown, 5 Szechuen Road, brought out the fire department yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock. The damage was slight.

Music for Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Public Recreation Ground today, beginning at 4.30 p.m.—
1. Grand March and Finale—
"La Reine du Saba".....Gounod
2. Overture—
"L'italiana in Algeria".....Rossini
3. Waltz—"The Kiss".....Arditi
4. Selection—"Favorite Melodies from old Operas".....Kaprey
5. (a) Song—
"The Maid of Malabar".....Adams
(b) Intermezzo—
"Au Revoir".....Millars
6. Selection—"La Perichole" Offenbach
A. DE KROYEN,
Conductor-in-Charge.

Death Penalty Given Three Armed Robbers

Members Of Knife Wielding
Gang Convicted Of Robberies
And Murder

Three members of the knife-gang which held Hongkew shopkeepers in terror last winter were convicted of murder and robbery before Assessor Hayashide and Magistrate Kwan in the Mixed Court yesterday and were ordered handed over to the Chinese authorities for execution.

The names of the men convicted are Li Ah-zung, Tsao Vung-ping and Dzung Ching-jui. A woman named Dzung Ah-ss, the sweetheart of the leader, was found guilty of being a member of the gang and of receiving stolen property and was given two years' imprisonment. Of six others, charged with being associates, one was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, two were released and three were ordered turned over to the Chinese authorities to be sent back to their native homes.

The murder which was charged was that of a shopkeeper's assistant who, with a fellowworker was stabbed last January.

LARGE GERMAN FLEET PENED UP IN BASES

British Raid On Zeebrugge And
Ostend More Successful
Than First Supposed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, June 19.—In the House of Commons today Mr. T. J. MacNamara stated that the recent operations at Zeebrugge and Ostend had been more successful than was at first supposed. Twenty-one destroyers, a large number of submarines and numerous auxiliary craft were penned in Bruges Docks and Bruges Canal, where they were constantly being bombed.

London, June 19.—A neutral correspondent gives harrowing details in connection with the destruction of one of the largest and most recent German submarines near Zeebrugge lately. This submarine struck a mine and from the crew of forty only two survived on reaching the surface after a terrible struggle with death for an hour-and-a-half, twenty fathoms below the surface. Several of the crew committed suicide, having lost all hope of leaving the boat alive.

The only chance of escaping was to force open the conning-tower and forward hatches and trust to the compression of air in one part of the vessel to force each man like a torpedo, to the surface. The air-pressure in the submarine became so terrible that the great majority of the Germans could not keep their mouths closed. The compressed air shot them to the surface and scarcely had they reached sea-level when the pressure of the air burst their lungs and with a blood-curdling yell twenty of them sank like stones.

The two survivors described the yell as the most horrible noise imaginable. The shrieks attracted the attention of the crew of a British trawler, which hastened to save life. The condition of the survivors showed that their experiences in the submarine had been very terrible.

BAPTIST COLLEGE HAS COMMENCEMENT TODAY

Varied Program To Celebrate
Graduation And Tenth Anniversary Of School

Shanghai Baptist College has its tenth anniversary celebration and commencement today with a program extending throughout the day. All Shanghai friends are cordially invited. The program follows:

8 a.m. to 6 p.m.—Exhibitions: Christian Home Club, Health, Sociology, and History and Progress of the College.
8.30 to 10 a.m.—Military drill and athletic exhibition.
10 to 11.30 a.m.—Chinese play.
12 noon to 1 p.m.—Dinner.
1 to 2 p.m.—Exhibition of jugglery.
2 to 3 p.m.—Exhibition of Campus Activities in Athletics.
3 to 4.30 p.m.—Anniversary and Commencement Exercises.
Speakers, Director Tang of Nanking; the Shanghai Magistrate, representing the Governor; Dr. R. T. Bryan, Dr. J. T. Proctor and others.
Giving of prizes.
Conferring of Degrees.
4.30 to 5 p.m.—Tea.
5 to 6 p.m.—Pageant: The Old China and the New.

1,000 School Children See British War Films

Over 1,000 school children, representing every public school in Shanghai, attended the special performance of the official British war films at the Olympic Theater yesterday afternoon. The Strength of Britain, General Allenby's entry into Jerusalem and several other pictures, showing Indian troops in Palestine, the British Navy under fire, the British troops attacking the tanks, munitions factories, mine laying and other war subjects were screened.

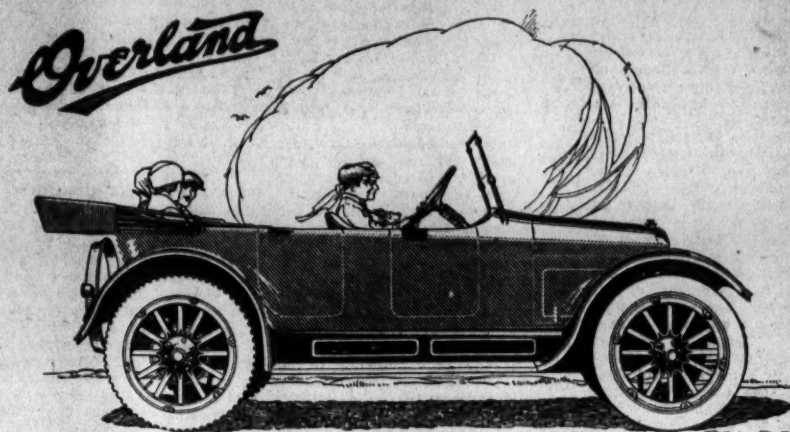
Pictures of the great reception accorded the first American expeditionary forces in London showed the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes entwined on nearly every building. The Americans were reviewed by the King and Queen, Admiral Sims of the United States Navy, American Ambassador Page and other notables.

The Chinese school children of the city will be the guests of the War Films Committee at the Olympic next Tuesday, Sikhs and their families will attend a special performance early in July.

The committee includes Mr. S. J. Deeka, Mr. T. Leslie and Mr. H. Phillips.

GEN. D'ESPEREY HONORED

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Athens, June 18.—The new Commander-in-Chief at Salonica, General D'Esperely, who was conspicuous in the Battle of the Marne in 1914, was the guest of honor at a luncheon here today.
The Greek Premier, M. Venizelos, said that General D'Esperely would lead the Army of the Orient to a final victory, in which he could rely on the enthusiastic support of the Greek Government.



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"You can test any community by its interest in its Young Men's Christian Association." — President Wilson.

"This Y.M.C.A. campaign should be for \$1,000,000.00 instead of \$250,000.00. Every Chinese and every foreigner in Shanghai should support it." — Mr. T. F. Cobbs.

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Old China Hand's Will In Court

Disposition of the will of Dr. W. A. P. Martin, who died in Peking December 17, 1916 after sixty-six years in China, was made last Wednesday by Judge C. S. Lobingier in the United States Court at Hankow. There were numerous codicils to the document. Messrs. Jernigan, Fessenden and Rose represented the executors and proponent. The text of the decree follows:

This cause comes on for hearing upon the petition of the executors of the Last Will and Testament of William A. P. Martin, the veteran missionary, who died at Peking on December 17, 1916, after sixty-six years of service in China. Proof of publication of notice to creditors was duly filed and the executors' final account shows the payment of all claims presented. The petition now before us asks for approval of said accounts, the barring of further claims, the compensation of themselves and their attorneys, and final distribution of the assets "according to the provisions" of the will. The last item calls for a construction of the original instrument which was executed on June 14, 1905, together with its various appendages, all of which appear to have been not only signed but written by the testator himself, and are successively indicated as follows:

October 23, 1907 (Exhibit B), "Codicil," one witness.
November 2, 1907, "Addendum," one witness.
January 1, 1908, an unwitnessed memorandum in the testator's handwriting.
January 31, 1908, one witness.
October 24, 1913, one witness.
May 4, 1914 (Exhibit C), "Disposal of Literary Property," one witness.
January 25, 1915, "Postscript," one witness.
March 15, 1915, no witness.
December 16, 1915 (Exhibit E), "Codicil," two witnesses.

Under the Act of Congress of June 30, 1903, the latest expression of legislative intent here prevailing on the subject, "All devices and bequests shall remain and continue in force . . . unless the same shall be altered or revoked by some other will, testament or codicil in writing, or other writing of the testator signed in the presence of at least two witnesses attesting the same, any former law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding."

"Prima facie this would seem to invalidate all of the foregoing supplementary instruments which were not attested by two witnesses. But the rule is that a duly executed codicil effects a republication of the original will and, according to the weight of authority, of all intermediate codicils. Moreover, most if not all of these instruments appear to be holographic and where such is the case the requirements of attestation are not imperative. All of these instruments must, therefore, be construed together but in case of conflict the latest codicil (here Exhibit E) controls. With these principles in mind we may now proceed to ascertain the testator's intent."

II.
The second clause of the original will (Exhibit A) divides the entire property between the testator's two sons, W. R. and Newell Martin, subject to certain bequests. But the last codicil (Exhibit E) names Newell Martin as the sole residuary legatee, it appearing that the other son, W. R. Martin, had meanwhile died. But the residuary legatee's rights are subject to the following bequests:

(1) A third son, Claude V. Martin, is provided for by a "yearly allowance" of \$600.00 United States currency, and a devise of four lots in Seattle. This provision is contained in the original will (Exhibit A), mentioned in the "Addendum" and confirmed in the last codicil (Exhibit E).
(2) The codicil of October 23, 1907 (Exhibit B) recites that:
"In addition to payments provided for in the will, one thousand two hundred dollars Mex. are to be paid annually to the Presbyterian Mission in Peking for scholarships or other uses in Truth Hall, the Mission High School."

An holographic instrument bearing the date January 1, 1908, contains the following memorandum:
"\$1,000-Mex. to be paid yearly from the income of the East Gate property to the Presbyterian High School Truth Hall, in Peking."
The instrument of January 31, 1908, indorsed on the same sheet (Exhibit B) as the codicil mentioned in the first paragraph under this subdivision, recites:
"I wish the annuity* to the High School 'Truth Hall' to be paid from the income of the East Gate property, Shanghai, to be used in aid of indigent students or to support or aid students engaged in evangelistic work, or theological studies."
*Amounting to one thousand dollars Mex.
Upon a sheet attached to the

original instrument (Exhibit A) appears the following recital:

"I here renew a provision of one thousand dollars Mex. to be paid from my East Gate property in Shanghai for the support of students in Truth Hall Academy by my heirs aforesaid."

The annuity is expressly confirmed in the last codicil (Exhibit E) which charges the executors.

"To see to it that provision is made, in any event, for the annual payments heretofore directed by me for the benefit of Truth Hall, or for scholarships in Truth Hall, or for scholarships in Truth Hall."

This last, however, does not specify the amount, which, it will be seen, was originally fixed at \$1,200.00 but would appear to be reduced by the later instruments to \$1,000.00. Recognising, however, that this was probably an inadvertence due to a failure at the time referred to of the original memorandum, the residuary legatee, according to the executor's testimony, has generously waived his right to the \$200.00 and asked that the annuity as originally fixed be allowed. An instrument is also on file, signed by the Chairman of the Presbyterian Mission which maintains the said "Truth Hall," authorising its principal, Rev. W. H. Gleysteen, to receive the said annuity.

The "East Gate property" from the income of which this annuity is to be paid appears (Exhibit G) to have been purchased by the testator as long ago as June 5, 1893, with money borrowed from one Chang Sze-kwei. The instrument recites that in lieu of interest on the loan the property "shall be divided into two equal parts; and the northern half be given to Chang Sze-kwei, to hold and possess." Sons of the last named were called as witnesses and testified that they had inherited one-half of this property from Chang Sze-kwei and had received one-half of the income for some forty years, the testator receiving the other half. The latter further recognises the arrangement in an autographic memorandum dated January 1, 1908 (Exhibit H), reciting:

"I advise that the East Gate Property be not divided unless insisted on by the Chang Family, but that it continue in the name of my heirs."

In 1910 a formal agreement (Exhibit F) was executed by and between different members of the Chang family defining their respective shares. It seems clear from all this that the residuary legatee under this will takes only an undivided half interest in the East Gate property; and that until actual division is made he, like his co-tenants, is entitled to but one-half of the income.

(3) The "Addendum" of November 2, 1907, provides:
"My servant Pal and my writer Chao, the latter an old student of mine shall, if with me to the end, receive each two hundred dollars Mex."

Another instrument (indorsed on Exhibit H) recites:
"My head servant Pal Oh and my writer Chao Shou-hong, if with me until my decease are each to receive \$300 Mex."

The memorandum of January 25, 1915, (indorsed on the back of Exhibit D) recites:
"My servant Pal and my writer Chao in the case provided for shall each receive four hundred dollars Mex. (instead of two hundred)."

The deposition of one of the executors, Rev. C. L. Ogilvie, filed on June 14, 1918, shows that these two Chinese did remain with the testator "to the end" and, therefore, complied with the conditions of this bequest.

(4) The instrument of May 4, 1914 (Exhibit C) recites:
"Dr. A. H. Smith having consented to edit my autobiography—including Cycle of Cathay; I request him to act in all respects as my literary executor. He is to have such of my M. S. as he may require and to make such arrangements with Revelle, or other publishers as to him seems good."
"The profits of said biography, if any, are to accrue solely to Dr. Smith, as some compensation for his time and labor."

"For the fraternal interest which he has taken in this labor of love, I hereby express my gratitude and I trust it will promote the glory of God and advance the cause of missions."

(5) The "Postscript" (Exhibit D) provides:
"My few books to be divided by three ladies to whom I am greatly indebted for the comfort of my last years, viz. Mrs. Cunningham, Mrs. Johnson, and Mrs. Ogilvie. Each will claim her own furniture, which I have had in use."

These three last bequests (3, 4, and 5) appear to be confirmed in that clause of the last codicil (Exhibit E) providing "For the unrevoked legacies and bequests heretofore made by me to persons other than my sons."

A bequest to the son of a nephew, provided in clause 3 of the original instrument (Exhibit A) is expressly revoked by the indorsed of March 15, 1915, on the "Postscript" (Exhibit D).

The preceding indorsement on said instrument also provides that:
"In case a son of C. V. Martin (testator's son) should come forward as a claimant, he shall receive one dollar Mex. and no more."

The executor's testimony is that no such claimant has appeared and the claim not further be considered. The allowances to the executors and their attorneys has been fixed by an arrangement with the residuary legatee who, since there are no unpaid creditors, is the only party concerned. He agrees to an award of Tls. 5,000 to the executors and of Tls. 1,500 to the attorneys. By mutual arrangement between themselves the executors have divided their share in the proportion of Tls. 2,500 to Mr. A. C. Davis and Tls. 1,500 to Rev. C. L. Ogilvie.

It is accordingly considered and decreed:

(1) That the executors final accounts of December 31, 1917 and February 14, 1918 be and the same are hereby approved.

(2) And it appearing that all of the claims presented within six months from the publication of notice to creditors have been paid, all other claims are hereby forever barred:

(3) After paying the costs of this proceeding the executors are authorised, according to the wish of the legatee, to deduct for themselves the sum of Tls. 5,000, Mr. Davis taking Tls. 2,500 and Mr. Ogilvie Tls. 1,500, and to pay their attorneys Messrs. Jernigan, Fessenden & Rose in full for their services the sum of Tls. 1,500.

(4) The executors are thereupon directed:

(a) To take such steps as may be required of them to vest in the testator's son Claude V. Martin all right, title and interest in and to the "four lots in Seattle" above mentioned and discussed in bequest (1);

(b) To distribute to the testator's servant "Pal" and his writer "Chao" the sum of Mex. \$400.00 each;

(c) To deliver to Dr. A. H. Smith all manuscripts needed in order to carry out his commission to edit the testator's autobiography, and to render all needful assistance to said editor in publishing the same and realising the profits thereof;

(d) To distribute to the three ladies mentioned in the "Postscript" (Exhibit D) the testator's books. In case there should not be an agreement among the three as to the basis of division, the executors are authorised to report that fact to the Court for further order;

(e) To distribute to the residuary legatee, Newell Martin, and to take all necessary steps to vest in him title and possession in and to the residue of the estate subject to a charge thereon of an annuity of \$600.00.

United States Currency, to the testator's other son, Claude V. Martin.

The testator's undivided half interest in the property referred to in the will as the "East Gate Property" and more particularly described as "No. 167 and No. 168 of the American Consulate Registry at Shanghai," the other undivided half interest in which is found to be vested in the heirs and executors of Chang Sze-kwei, is further subject to a charge of Mex. \$1,200 annually in favor of the institution known as "Truth Hall" which annuity may be paid by the legatee to the Rev. W. H. Gleysteen, principal thereof. Should either of the aforesaid legatees (Claude V. Martin or Truth Hall) require a bond from the said residuary legatee for the execution of said trust and the payment of said annuity, such bond may be required upon application to the Court before final distribution.

(f) Upon filing with the Clerk of this Court proper receipts from each of the beneficiaries and legatees above named for his or her appropriate share in said estate and of a statement from each of the special legatees, Claude V. Martin and "Truth Hall," through its principal Rev. W. H. Gleysteen, of a waiver of the execution of the bond mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the executors shall stand discharged of all liability hereafter arising, any collateral security furnished by them in lieu of or connection with their bonds may be returned to them and the estate shall be considered closed.

German Fined \$10
For Not Registering

Felix Baude, 545 Nanking Road, a German subject, was fined \$10 by Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Wong in the Mixed Court yesterday for failure to register at Central Police Station on June 16. Mr. Newman, who prosecuted, said that it was the third time Baude had failed to report and that he had been warned on two previous occasions. As his excuse the accused stated that his wife had fallen down stairs on the date in question and he had to stay at home and care for her.

HOSPITAL SHIP SINKING
(Reuter's Agency War Service)

The Hague, June 18.—The British naval officer who is on board the tug-boat Zealand, which is proceeding to investigate the sinking of the Dutch hospital-ship Konigin Regentes, is an interned officer, while the German naval officer on board is one of the German prisoners accommodated in Holland.

WORKERS ADD \$1,700
TO Y.M.C.A. FUND TOTAL

Y. M. Chien's Team Leads For Day With \$1,000 In Subscriptions

The official returns for the Y.M.C.A. Annex campaign totalled \$37,778 up to noon yesterday. Fifty team-workers gathered at the Union at Tsung Sung-Lur for reports and consultation. Five team leaders announced that during the previous day they had secured various subscriptions aggregating \$1,718, including a gift from the Shanghai City Magistrate.

The contributions secured during the day and announced were, \$1,000 by Mr. Y. M. Chien's team, \$416 by Mr. O'Brien's team, \$102 by Mr. H. Y. Moh's team, \$100 by Mr. S. U. Tsao's team and \$100 by Mr. K. S. Li's team. Those previously reported amounted to \$28,060.

Mr. H. A. Wilbur, secretary of the city department of the National Committee, Y.M.C.A., was a guest of honor

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and addressed the gathering on the essentials for success in a campaign of this kind. The principal elements of this work, he said, were solicitation in harmony with the size and importance of the projects and a spirit of

appreciation to those who are making sacrifices in order that others may be benefited by their act. The speaker urged every team-worker to secure some gift every day and not to miss any of the noon meetings.

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Raw silk valued at over gold \$1,650,000, consigned to the United States government, will leave Shanghai this afternoon and Monday on the Pacific Mail liner Colombia and the China Mail steamship China.

The departure of the Colombia today will set a passenger record for the local office of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company as the liner takes 90 first class passengers from this port. The Colombia has but 120 first class accommodations.

The China will also take 99 people from here Monday.

Over 1,000 bales of silk will go to the States on the China while 600 bales will constitute part of the Colombia's cargo.

The latter ship arrives at daylight this morning and the tender will leave the Customs Jetty this afternoon at five o'clock.

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SPORTS Latest News of Athletic World GOSSIP

Week End Sports Calendar

This Afternoon
BASEBALL:
 Shanghai vs. Navy—Race Course 3.30 p.m.
CRICKET:
 Cricket Club vs. Golf Club
 —Cricket Club 2.00 ..
 Cricket Club Second vs. Recreation Club Second—
 Recreation Club 2.30 ..
 Customs vs. Police—Police Ground 2.30 ..
 Captain's vs. Vice Captain's—
 —Parsee Club 2.30 ..
LAWN BOWLS:
 Lawn Bowls Club vs. Rest of Shanghai 3.30 ..
Tomorrow Afternoon
BASEBALL:
 Shanghai vs. Navy—Race Course 3.30 ..
LAWN BOWLS:
 East vs. West—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club 3.30 ..

Four Cricket Matches Carded This Afternoon

Four cricket matches are scheduled for this afternoon. The Shanghai Cricket Club and Shanghai Golf Club teams will play at the Cricket Club ground; the Cricket Club Second and Recreation Club Second will clash at the Recreation Club ground; Police and Customs teams will try conclusions at the Police field and the Parsee Club game will be between two teams chosen by the Captain and vice Captain.

The lineups:
 Cricket Club—W. C. D. Turner (Capt.), R. S. Campbell, G. M. Billings, W. Haynes, H. H. Morris, P. H. Pentecost, E. G. B. Lover, W. C. G. Clifford, J. W. Monk, J. E. Wilson, G. S. B. Cushnie, reserves, J. Cockin, S. J. Deeks, H. D. Hillard, C. G. Humphrys, Churchill, Knight, G. Milner, W. H. Monte, K. E. Newman, E. G. Tait, C. E. M. Thomson, S. J. Vine, reserve, J. Tiffin.

Cricket Club Second—J. Grimshaw (Capt.), E. G. Barnes, J. E. Cameron, B. C. Lambert, A. H. Leslie, W. E. Anderson, A. S. Hocking, F. S. Turner, H. Langley, E. Toeg, G. H. G. Caulton, Reserves: J. H. Pearson, D. Cooke. Customs Recreation Club Eleven—S. Taylor, W. Skuse, W. Nash, R. M. Ogden (Capt.), D. W. Heron, W. J. T. Mellow, A. Stewart, H. Atkinson, E. Clough, R. E. McNeale. Reserve: F. S. Bridges.

Parsee Club Teams—Messrs. R. H. Rag (Captain), B. D. Tata, C. B. Sethna, R. Vicaajee, P. N. Karanjia, J. H. Shroff, M. D. Daji, M. C. Charna, B. P. Lacaca, Victor Vicaajee and H. R. Mistry.

Messrs. E. D. Damri, (Vice-Captain), H. S. Madan, C. H. Bhogra, F. R. France, K. C. Sakari, K. D. Karanjia, H. L. Sopariwalla, H. C. Umrigar, N. H. Moos, E. J. Commisariat, H. Eduljee.

Baseball Today

Eddy and Tinkham will be sent against the Navy this afternoon and tomorrow when Shanghai figures on taking two games. The best the locals have been able to garner in the clashes with the team from the Gunboats to date is a tie and many look for Shanghai to upset the dope today and tomorrow. Eddy will hurl today if he has sufficiently recovered from the dengue and Tinkham is due tomorrow.

Mitchem is the sailor choice for today with Scott pitching the Sunday game.

The games will start at 3.30 o'clock.

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Lawn Bowls

The Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club will play the Rest of Shanghai this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. Tomorrow East will play against West.

The following will represent the S.L.B.C.:—
 C. M. Bain G. L. Campbell
 (skip) (skip)

J. D. Gordon G. F. Browne
 F. A. Sampson Dr. Merrins
 W. Gater J. Valentine

J. C. Macdougall J. J. Sheridan
 (skip) (skip)

A. W. Dewhurst J. D. Gaines
 J. C. McGavin W. B. Pitt
 F. L. Marshall R. G. H. Cole

J. C. Thomson Ellis Hunter
 (skip) (skip)

W. J. Gande W. N. C. Allen
 J. R. Kinghorn D. MacGregor
 S. M. S. Gubbay J. P. Lowe

A. D. Bell J. T. Disselduff
 (skip) (skip)

T. E. Trueman S. W. Wolfe
 Dr. Mills W. A. Turnbull
 G. Dunlop W. A. Ogden

D. Macdonald Alex. Samson
 (skip) (skip)

Dr. W. H. Rees A. G. Mossop
 J. B. Grant F. M. Scott
 F. Large H. de Farrant

W. D. McCallum S. Hammond
 (skip) (skip)

H. M. Gorton J. Park
 Rev. G. H. Bond-
 field E. Payne

Dr. W. J. Ross D. M. Graham
 Reserves—Messrs. W. J. E. Forsyth,
 W. Grey and L. W. C. Loden.

Rest Of Shanghai
 The Rest of Shanghai team will be chosen from the following:—F. Ferrier, D. M. McGregor, H. Townsend, A. Taylor, G. McCallum, J. Shaw, S. Marks, G. Johnson, G. McMarjo, W. P. Bisset, A. S. Allen, A. A. Malcolm, R. C. Aitkinhead, T. H. Robinson, J. Tweedie, G. Enoch, R. Dorrance, A. J. Ferrier, T. Mason, C. Richards, R. J. Bowenman, H. Veitch, W. S. Campbell, F. Milner, H. S. Smyth, H. Landers, S. M. Wallace, A. Mackintosh, G. Hall, A. Randall, G. Towns, W. S. Featherstonhaugh, G. Manwaring, J. E. Lucas, P. W. Reeves, S. Green, W. Milner, A. E. Silkstone, J. Keefe, G. R. Stormes, F. Ephgrave, M. E. Anderson, E. Anderton, T. Spring, G. Marshgreen, J. Cole, A. E. Hayward, A. Braid, D. McAllister, P. B. Critchley, S. George, W. B. Marshall, T. Sands, J. Grievie, C. Larsen, S. Chilver, J. Walker.

Draw For The Vine Cup
 The following is the draw for the Vine cup. Conditions:—Two woods, ten ends, on handicap.

First round—J. D. Gaines, v. S. M. S. Gubbay, J. J. Sheridan v. R. G. H. Pole.

Byes:—D. de H. Farrant, G. Dunlop, A. Taylor, C. M. Bain, D. Macdonald, W. Gater, A. D. Bell, S. J. Burn, T. E. Trueman, W. G. McCallum, F. M. Scott, T. Harborne, F. A. Sampson, E. L. Allen, E. M. Reid, R. Simmons, D. M. Graham, W. B. Pitt, J. C. Macdougall, J. T. Disselduff, S. P. Lowe, S. Hammond, G. L. Campbell, J. McGavin, O. H. Blackburn, J. R. King-

horn, F. Large, W. Shaw, W. Forsyth and W. J. Gande.

Club Rink Competition

The following is the draw for the above competition:—
 C. M. Bain Albert Taylor
 (skip) (skip)

C. MacGregor J. D. Gaines
 E. M. Reid F. A. Sampson
 Dr. W. J. Ross D. M. Graham

J. T. Disselduff W. Gater
 (skip) (skip)

W. Dutton Alex. Samson
 Dr. Mills W. B. Pitt
 F. Large J. P. Lowe

F. L. Hunter A. D. Bell
 (skip) (skip)

P. M. Scott S. M. S. Onbbay
 E. Payne D. de H. Farrant
 F. L. Marshall R. Simmons

D. MacDonald R. J. Bowerman
 (skip) (skip)

T. E. Trueman W. J. Gande
 A. Habecost W. M. Canderwood
 J. Valentine C. J. Head

J. C. Macdougall G. L. Campbell
 (skip) (skip)

J. Park A. W. Dewhurst
 J. R. Kinghorn S. J. Burn
 G. Dunlop W. A. Ogden

J. J. Sheridan S. Hammond
 (skip) (skip)

J. D. Gordon T. Harborne
 F. J. Norbury E. L. Allen
 O. H. Blackburn R. G. H. Cole

W. D. McCallum (skip)
 J. McGavin
 W. Forsyth
 J. Frost

TO FORM HAWAIIAN NINE
 All baseball players from the Hawaiian Islands are urged to communicate with Mr. K. B. Young, St. Luke's Hospital. Mr. Young is anxious to form a Honolulu baseball team and already has gathered the nucleus for a strong nine.

BRITISH FOOD PROBLEMS
 (Renter's Agency War Service)
 London, June 18.—The report is published of the committee appointed by the Ministry of Reconstruction to recommend methods increasing homegrown food supplies in view of the interests of national security.

The Committee declares that in any future crisis like the present this country must be wholly independent of overseas supplies of corn, potatoes and dairy-produce and less dependent on overseas supplies than at present for other commodities and if its recommendations are adopted these objects would be attained.

The recommendations include a minimum wage for agricultural laborers; that minimum prices for wheat and oats should be guaranteed, the prices varying in accordance with the variations in the standard of value obtaining after the war. Government assistance for the establishment of the sugar-beet industry and a continuance of the present sur-tax for ten years.

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Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER
Cloudy, misty weather with oppres-
sive heat. Summer monsoon along
the coast.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JUNE 22, 1918

Duty of the Allies Towards China
(By An American Contributor)

As an American I feel that the Allies have an opportunity to work for the cause of freedom in China that should not be overlooked. There are those of us who have lived in China without knowing China; unfortunately we have always seen and heard those things that have not helped us to form a very good opinion of the Chinese. The foreign population here is roughly divided into (a) missionaries, (b) business men, (c) diplomatic and consular officials.

For the most part the missionary is ignorant of movements going on outside his own little locality. He does not travel except in a very limited area and has not the means of contemplating China as a whole. The business man confines his activities largely to the treaty ports along the coast and but few of them can speak the language; in fact there are very few of them that ever care about studying either the people or their language. The diplomatic and consular officials have in the majority of cases known only the official classes and only in a formal and official manner. There have been those of us that would fall under one or the other of the three classifications named that have taken the trouble to know the Chinese as best we may, but the number taking a keen interest in Chinese affairs has been exceedingly small.

It is about time that we began to feel our responsibility as citizens of an alien nation in China towards the Chinese. The American Government has expressed its desire that Americans resident in China remain in China; it has not called us to the colors. This has been done with a purpose, and there is but one purpose—to serve the best interest of the United States and of China. The greatest interest that the United States has today is the winning of this war against Germany. It is not the purpose of the American Government merely to defeat the German Government but all that the Government stands for. President Wilson said plainly that the United States was in the war "to make the world safe for democracy"—not for democracy in Europe and America alone but for democracy throughout the world. Herein lies our duty as Americans. We are to assist in this great work of freeing not only Europe from the menace of autocratic rule, but the world. We have been left in China to serve the best interest of our own country and of China and it is up to us to busy ourselves in doing so.

The American people did not enter this war for the annexation of territory or the promotion of trade. The American people would never have gone to war for such reasons. We are at war with autocracy, and it is our duty to beat down this menace wherever it may be. The missionary, business man and government official must realize their duty and perform it, or they will be disloyal to the very cause for which our soldiers are giving their lives on the battlefields of Europe.

China is as much a part of the world as any other country. China has declared war upon the Central Powers and so far as appearances China is one of us. We are winning time by criticising the Chinese Government for its lukewarmness in prosecuting the war. There is no use in writing articles for publication to show the Chinese what they should do to help. The

Chinese Government is known to us to be rotten to the core. The Allied Ministers in Peking know this as well as any of us, and doubtless the foreign offices of our various allied nations are full of overflowing with reports upon the inefficiency and weakness of the Chinese authorities in Peking. President Wilson gave up dealing with the German Government because he found it useless to treat with it. His appeals, so far as they have been addressed to Germany, latterly have been addressed to the German people. He has in fact refused to deal with Germany until the people of Germany speak for Germany. He found the Kaiser and his government so confirmed in their wickedness that he knew it would be useless to talk longer with them upon the subject of the principles of humanity.

Why, then, do we waste our efforts upon the Chinese Government at Peking? We know that the government is corrupt, and so corrupt that there is no possible hope for its redemption except by a complete change of officials. We know and daily speak of the shame of it that this great and fine people should be so governed. It is, then, our duty to go among the people and make our appeal to them. It is the people themselves that will assist us as soon as they are made to understand the reasons for which we are fighting. It is the people of China that will help us "to make the world safe for democracy." Can you imagine either Tuan Chi-jui or Feng Kuo-chang caring about making the Chinese nation safe for democracy? Nothing could be more uninteresting or more unprofitable for them. The Northern Tschuns, with possibly only one or two exceptions, would oppose strenuously any move among the Chinese for democracy. We all know in fact that any appeal we make to the Chinese Government is futile. We have now come to know that the declaration of war by the Tschuns against Germany was merely a way to close the eyes of the foreigners to what was really in their minds when they took this step. But very recently both the Americans and the British have seen the way in which the Chinese people were willing to come forward with their money for the war. The people gave the money. In looking over the long list of subscriptions to the British fund published in the foreign papers the Chinese business man was most conspicuous for his generosity. It is, indeed, high time that we began to meet these real representatives of the Chinese people and hold intercourse with them. It is the people that will help us and help the world—not Chinese officialdom as it exists today. I believe that the French, Americans and British in China should at once proceed to organize a real and telling propaganda among the Chinese people. We should let them know for what we are fighting. It is our duty as well as our privilege to do this. We are fighting autocratic rule in Europe, and if it exists in China we should fight it here. It is not right to support a President and Premier that have countenanced the recent brutal murder of General Lu Chien-chang in Tientsin. The dastardly deed of Hsu Shu-cheng makes the blood boil in the veins of a Briton, American or Frenchman. The act is most typical of the Hun—cold blooded murder.

Why is it, these things being true, that our respective governments continue to recognise a government of the kind we find in Peking? We have let the Mexicans fight out their troubles, and we are anxious to let the Russians do so. Is China any less to be pitied than these two countries? The United States would not recognise Huerta because of his undoubted villainy. Is it right that we should recognise a Chinese villain?

I am confident that if the foreigner of the treaty port went into the interior he would find a ready welcome for anything that he might say in regard to the freeing of the people of the world from the despotism of autocratic rulers. The Allies should hasten to accept responsibility for the acts of any one of their number to the extent of correcting any impression that is made upon another race that is calculated to misinterpret the real aim of the Allied cause. Japan and the Japanese should be made to stop the lending of money to the autocrats that now hold sway in Peking. The Japanese are one of us, and any act of Japan or the Japanese that tends to besmirch the name of the Allies should be condemned by us.

I am not prepared to say that the Japanese government is behind the various deals of late, but it does seem that it is impossible for the Japanese Government not to know that these deals are going on. The situation in Shantung is also calculated to do damage to the cause of the Allies. Let us go among the people and tell them what Britain, France and the United States are fighting for today. The Chinese should know that the Allies are sincere in their protestations that they are fighting for "the under dog." We are fighting misrule by

military despots in Europe, and we may as well bring this truth home to the Chinese people. Every Hong in Shanghai representing the Allies should contribute as many men as possible to go among the people in the cause of the Allies which is the cause of all the liberty-loving peoples of the world. We should all refrain from lending money to a Government that is daily in its every act opposing the cause for which we are fighting.

The least that we can do is to let China fight out her own troubles. It is not right that we should bankrupt her in order to supply the armies of a disreputable lot of bandit chiefs called Tschuns to kill the innocent. Recently a Tschun told me that if the foreign powers would refuse to lend China a cent and would sell no arms to her, that China would begin to get on her feet in a very short time. This I believe to be true. It is only right that we should give the people of China a chance to free themselves from possibly the rottenest government that has ever existed in history. Every cent that is given to Peking by Japanese, Americans, British or French at this time is a menace to the peace and good government of the world.

I feel very deeply upon these matters, and I think that every one of us will feel as deeply as I do once thought is given to the duty that is ours towards the people of China. Missionary, business man and diplomat should co-operate in the formation of one big propaganda against what has come to be known as Germanism wherever it exists. We know that the Hun with the worst of Hun traits is in China. We should go among the people and we will then appreciate the people. They will appreciate us and help us. Our cause is their cause. I do not mean to speak harshly of any one of our Allies but facts are facts and cannot be ignored.

Correspondence

An Astor House Denial

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Dear Sir.—An article appeared in The North China Sunday Times, Tientsin, on June 16, re an alleged refusal of the Astor House Hotel to allow a gentleman to entertain a Blue Jacket at dinner. I would inform you that there is not one iota of truth in this allegation and never at any time has this company refused admission to officers or men of His Majesty's Service, whether in uniform or not. On the other hand it has always been the policy of this company to take an active part in all festive or celebratory got up for the benefit of His Majesty's Blue Jackets.

Will you be kind enough to insert in your next issue a denial of this rumor which appears to be pretty well spread over Shanghai. I am, Dear Sir, Yours faithfully.

The Shanghai Hotel, Ltd.,
B. A. CLARKE,
Chairman of Directors.
Shanghai, June 21, 1918.

The Ace

A thin wind shivers in the morning
And stirs the poplars standing
darkly by,
As he with slow-cocked head and
quick, bright eye
Each strut and bolt examines; ho
desists—
The engine coughs—the crowding
wheel he twists—
Then mounts in roaring spirals,
high and high,
To straighten out and vanish down
the sky.
While some far bugle blows him to
the lists.
The Ace is gone! Beyond the boldest
dream
Of all that host of captains gone
before.
To where the death-lights of ad-
venture gleam:
To where th' eternal hazard waits;
but he
Who takes the air is of the earth
no more,
And, daring space, fears not eternity!

—CHARLES C. JONES.

With an Everlasting Love

(From The New Witness)
The love of God for me began
Long before I became a man;
Before my lips could speak His name,
Before from out the dark I came!
Within His mansion I was known,
Before He made a cross His Throne.
When not a seer with Him had talked;
When with Him not a saint had walked!
Where melt in clouds man's hidden
ways,
Deep in the dim eternal days,
His eyes across time's troubled sea,
Fent peering forth in search of me.

EDWARD SHILLITO.

Ration or Ration?

(From The Westminster Gazette)
In the far distant piping times of
peace
The orthodox correct pronunciation
Of this one rare, but now familiar
word
Was "Ration."
But now that all commodities are
short,
Economy becomes the ruling passion,
And so we even shorten vowels, and
call
It "Ration."
D. F. FERGUSON.

The Offensive Against Italy Analysed

By Frank H. Simonds
(New York Tribune)
(This article forecasting developments
on the Italian front was written
May 12.)

On May 14, 1916, a great Austrian offensive was launched against the Austrians and Germans from the Astico, that is, from the Austro-Tyrol, south of Trent, and toward the Venetian Plain north of Padua and Vicenza. Now, on May 7, 1918, both Austrian and Italian official reports indicate activities which seem the preliminaries to one more attack in substantially the same region which saw terrific but abortive offensive of two years ago.

There are two aspects from which it is necessary to view the Italian problem: the military and the political. Certain military results are obviously bound to flow from a great success of the Austrians in Venetia; not less plainly there are certain political considerations which weigh both for and against the making of such an offensive, and other political considerations which may flow from the offensive if it succeeds.

The Military Aspect
To take the military aspect first: it is clear that we have reached the time of year when weather conditions make military operations in the mountains possible. Last winter's operations were suspended because of the heavy fall of snow which came, far later than usual, to the heavy disadvantage of the stricken Italians, but in time to prevent the Austrians and Germans from achieving the maximum purposes of that campaign upon which they had embarked when they attacked and won the great battle of the Upper Isonzo, which is known to the Central Powers as the Battle of Caporetto.

When the campaign ended the Italians had been driven out of all the Austrian territory they had conquered by two years of incessant effort, save a little slice north of the old frontier about Lago di Garda. They had been driven back from the Isonzo to the Piave and out of all the high mountains, the Dolomite, Carnic and Julian Alps, which separate Italy from Austria between Gorizia and the Brenita. They had lost some 3,000 square miles of the Province of Venetia, with a certain number of towns of industrial importance; as it stood then, and stands now, they had lost about half the area which France had been compelled to surrender as a result of her defeats of 1914.

A Contracted Line
When the Austro-German offensive began last autumn the Italian front was nearly five hundred miles long, and its character was exceedingly unfortunate for the Italians, because the Austrians in the Trentino district south of Tyrol were close to the vital communications of the several Italian armies east of the Brenita and holding the semi-circular front between the Brenita and the Adriatic.

At the close of the offensive the Italian line had contracted to less than a third of its former extent, and while the chief disadvantage survived, it survived in a limited form, since that portion of the Italian army fighting with its face to the east was only a few miles beyond the point in its communications nearest to the Austro-German front along the Trentino boundary. Had the Austro-Germans been able to break through between the Brenita and the Astico, after the disaster on the Upper Isonzo, practically all of Cadorna's forces would have been enveloped and captured, because the Austro-Germans would have cut their roads for retreat, the Udine and also the Trieste railways.

Behind the Piave
If you will look at the map you will see that the Italian troops now standing behind the Piave River, from the swamps at its mouth right up to the point where it emerges from the hills east of Monte Grappa, depend for their munitions and supplies mainly upon the railway which comes up from Verona, through Vicenza to Treviso. If the Austrians could cut this railway behind the Piave armies, these would be in a dangerous position and might be driven southward toward Venice and away from the rest of the Italian armies; they might, in fact, be caught in the swamps below Treviso and east of Padua, and be taken.

The Vital Sector
This is the weakness of the present Italian situation. It is exceedingly unlikely that the Austrians could force the Italians out of their present line along the Piave, which has been fortified during the winter and is as good a line as is necessary to have in our contemporary form of warfare. The strong positions are, on the whole, on the Italian side of the river; the stream is something of an obstacle, and Italian communications behind it are far better than those of the Austrians for rushing reserves to an imperilled sector.

Therefore, it would seem that if the Italians are to be evicted from the Piave position they must be turned out rather than forced out; evicted by a threat to their rear rather than by a drive at their front. In a word, the vital sector is not that behind the Piave, but that between the Piave and the Astico, where the Austrians are hardly at a disadvantage. The main line of the railway, this is the front now mentioned in the despatches; this is the front on which the Austrians made their great offensive of 1914, which failed because Austrian troops had to be shipped eastward to meet the victorious Russians in Galicia.

There, too, the Austro-Germans were making their supreme effort last autumn and early winter, when the snow came and stopped all operations. In this sector the Italian situation markedly reproduces that of the French before Verdun in March and after March, 1916, although the scale is much greater. In March, 1916, the French east of the Meuse had temporarily checked the Ger-

mans after having to retire over considerable ground. They had good positions in their hands, but they had lost all but the very last series of gun positions on which they could hope to base a successful defense of the forts and hills of the sector east of the Meuse.

As At Verdun
Literally, the French were fighting with their backs to the river, and, as the Germans continued to advance, although with great slowness, the French were pushed down hill toward the Meuse. Now the Austrians, by their offensives of 1916 and 1917, have arrived almost at the edge of the Venetian Plain. The Italians are hanging on to the last of the foothills. If they are pushed off of these, if the Austrians get forward for a distance of less than ten and hardly more than five miles more, either between the Piave and the Astico valleys or between the Brenita and the Piave valleys, then the Austrians will hold all the high ground overlooking the plain and the Italians will have to make a new and very great rearrangement of their lines.

Last year, when there was a prospect of such an advance by the Austro-Germans, there was a general expectation that the Italians would retire behind the lines of the Adige, that is, that they would evacuate everything north and east of this river and stand before Verona and thence behind it to the Adriatic. Such a rearrangement of lines would have meant, would still mean, the evacuation of Venice, Padua and of Vicenza, and the practical loss of all of the Province of Venetia.

Retreat To The Adige
The long delay due to winter has given the Italians a chance to prepare intermediate lines, recalling the famous "switchlines" of the Hindenburg system in France. Thus, even should the Austrians reach the plain behind the Piave line and between the Piave and the Brenita the Italians might be expected to draw back behind the Brenita and hold the front from Bassano to the sea behind the Brenita. This would mean the loss or the destruction of Venice, because it would bring the Austrian artillery near enough to batter the city to dust. Even if it did not succeed it would mean the destruction of Padua, just behind the Brenita, but it would temporarily save Vicenza. A further Austro-German advance, if we are to assume German troops will be again used, would leave the Italians still able to stand behind the Baghiglione, but it would mean the surrender of Padua.

An Impregnable Line
All these possible retreats would mean shortening the line and improving the Italian situation on the military side, provided no disaster ensued. It would mean the surrender of famous cities. The moral advantages to the Austrians would be very great, but the military gain would not be commensurate, provided only territory were gained and Italian morale endured the loss of ground and cities, as French morale has survived the similar losses in the French field. Once behind the Adige, the Italian position should be impregnable, for all that natural advantages can supply to make military defense advantageous as to be found in this line, and the Italians have had six months to get ready.

Where Austria Will Attack
As it now stands, it would seem that the Austrians have concentrated strong forces in the Trentino, bringing them down by the great military railroad, which goes under the Brenner Pass in a tunnel and follows the historic route of Teuton invasions of Italy in all past centuries. Having brought his armies south by this route, which is always beyond enemy reach or observation, the Austrian has arranged them in the several smaller valleys leading out from the valley of the Adige to the Venetian plain like the sticks of a fan. He is patently intending to attack by the passes through which the Piave, the Brenita and the Astico emerge into the plain, and he holds all the upper portions of these valleys. He may also be planning a fourth attack right south upon Verona by the Adige Valley, and possibly a fifth along Lago di Garda, but the first four are bound to be the important attacks.

If the Austrian can advance down these valleys for half a dozen miles, sweeping the hills between them as he comes on, he will then have reached the plain on a wide front and will dominate the Italian positions. He will be too near the main line of Italian communications to permit the Italians to remain along the Piave, and they will have to retire behind the Brenita, the Baghiglione or even the Adige. If the Austrian in his first attack smashes the Italian line as he did at the upper Isonzo, or as Hindenburg smashed the British line in the recent disaster to Gough's 5th Army in Picardy, then the Italian troops along the Piave will have great difficulty in extricating themselves and escaping envelopment and capture, just as they did along the Lower Isonzo after the Caporetto disaster, and for the same reasons.

Austria's One Defect
The Austrian will doubtless seek to repeat recent German triumphs. Progress such as the Germans made at Arras will be sufficient to turn the Piave line and give him Venice and probably Vicenza and Padua. These will be substantial triumphs for an offensive which need not involve any great risks save in the matter of casualties, since his own lines of communication are secure and his own front lacking in all the defects of the Italian. There is just one defect in the Austrian situation, and that is that because of the mountains there is no good means of communication between the armies in the Trentino and those in the Italian plain. Actually to move troops from one sector to another, hardly more than thirty miles as the airplane flies, necessitates putting them on a train and

carrying them around a semi-circle of more than three hundred miles. As a result, if the Italians chose to take the offensive on the Piave front, after the Austrian had committed the main mass of his armies to the Trentino operation, it would be several weeks before the Austrian could reinforce the troops in the plain with those in the mountains. The Italians, on their side, have no such difficulty, because all their lines of communications are in the plain and radiate, like the spokes of a wheel, from Castelfranco. Only if

they reach the plain can the Austrians unify all their armies on the Italian front.

But any counter offensive by the Italians before they were certain that the Austrian offensive out of the Trentino had been permanently checked would be exceedingly hazardous, for even a victory on the Piave would not remove the danger flowing from the thrust of the Austrian Trentine armies at the Italian

(Continued on Page 7)



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Capt. —, R.F.A.

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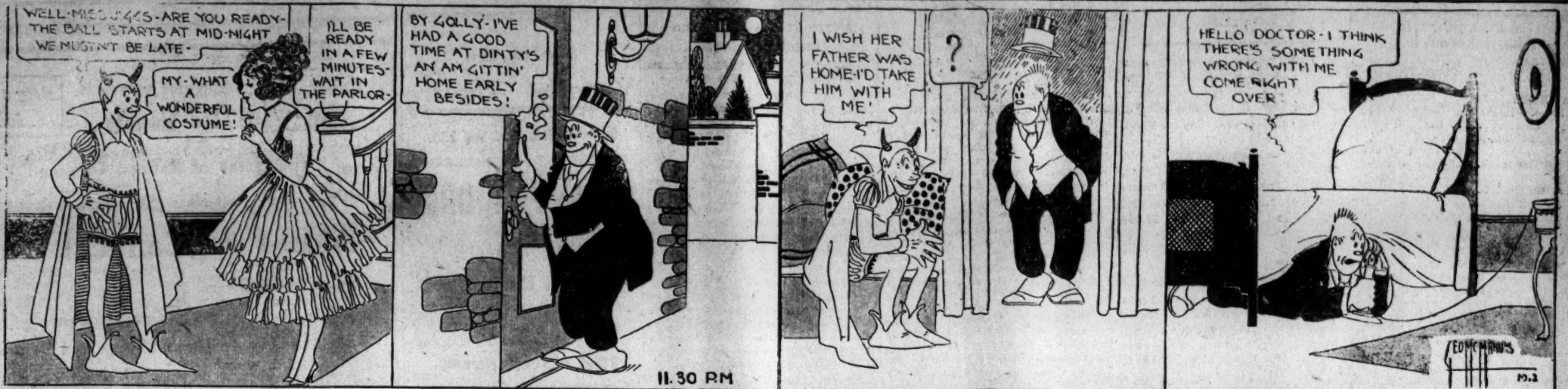
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Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



The Offensive Against Italy Analysed

(Continued From Page 6)

lines of communication between Treviso and Vicenza.

Italian Game Is To Wait

It seems to me inevitable, then, that the Italians should play a waiting game. It may involve the loss of Venice, but Venice was as good as lost last year. It may involve a retreat to the Adige, but this was only missed by a hair's breadth last year. The waiting game will abolish the risks of any military disaster by running those incident to a depressed morale and a possible political disturbance following the loss of more Italian territory.

In any event, the Italian field is not the important field; no result in this sector will much affect the decision which must be had in France, and if the Italians stand

successfully on the defensive in their own country they will be able to contribute materially to making the result in France decisive. The conquest and elimination of Italy would not much help Germany, because by the time it were brought about, if it could be brought about, America would have arrived in sufficient strength to restore the balance in France, which is, has been and will remain the decisive field.

Prospects Are Hopeful

Now I do not mean to be understood as forecasting any Italian reverse or retreat, any loss of important positions. The news that comes to me of the Italian temper and prospects is distinctly hopeful. There is no gainsaying the rally of Italy after her great disaster of last year. The country has responded to the lash of adversity as it did not answer

the invitations of the earlier victories. Moreover, there has been a very real demonstration to Italy of the sympathy and readiness of her allies. British and French troops are still in some numbers in Italy, and their presence last year unmistakably saved Italy from supreme disaster.

Foch's Right Wing

Italy, as her Prime Minister recently said, has become the right wing of the Allied front. With the coming of the unified command on the Allied side Foch has taken over the responsibility of the defense of Italy as well as that of France. What Italy needs in artillery and in munitions Foch will supply, just as he will ask Italy to furnish men, of which she has a superabundance, to aid the Allies in France. Henceforth the Italian front will be just as completely under the care and the direction of Foch as any other sector in that great and single front, which, save for the Swiss interruption, runs now from the Yser to the Piave, from Neuport to the lagoons east of Venice.

The political questions raised by the prospective Austrian offensive are far less simple to answer than the military. What has Austria to gain by the offensive, even if it prove successful and permit her to advance to the Adige? On the military side she will gain a shorter front and abolish the present separation of her armies in the plain from those in the mountains, and she will temporarily occupy more of Italian territory. The moral effect of the re-occupation of Venice after more than half a century of absence will count for something. But these things are not of overwhelming importance.

Austrian Morale Has Declined

We may say that no Austrian expects to see Hapsburg rule restored in all of Venetia. There has been some talk of annexation in the Italian districts near the Julian frontier, but this is an improbable outcome and at all events represents the extreme of Austrian purpose. To conquer more ground now, only to evacuate it later, is not to help much if there be no prospect of an indemnity, and there is no prospect of an indemnity from Italy now or in the future.

The Austrian army did exceedingly well in the offensive last year, although the spearhead of the successful attack was supplied by six or seven German divisions. Since that time there has been a very marked decline in the morale of the Austrian people, and the reports of the conditions in Austria leave no doubt that the great majority of the people are suffering acutely and have no other desire than to make peace.

The Risks Of An Offensive

A campaign against Italy now will be a campaign dictated by Germany and conducted for the purpose of relieving the strain upon the main German operation in France and Belgium. Its success will not bring Austria nearer to peace, because it will not affect Britain, France or the United States, with whom now rests the question of peace or war. As for Italy, for her to make peace now would be to confess ruin and suffer something of the fate of Rumania. Italy is henceforth kept in the war by the problems of self-preservation, which are no longer hidden from any element in her population. Last year, when her armies were on Austrian soil and the issues of the war were expressed in Italian hopes for annexation of Irredenta lands, it was quite different. Now peace means the surrender of Italian territory, not the surrender or hoped for acquisitions from the Austrians.

We may fairly conclude that Austria will go reluctantly into a new

campaign in which her own interests are not to be served. We may conclude that the morale of the Austrian armies will not be equal even to the morale revealed last year. If, as is most probable, the opening attacks involve huge casualties, the results in the army and in the nation may be of the gravest character. There is a risk which no man can fall to perceive in forcing Austria into a new offensive; and, without forcing, Austria would not and will not take the offensive.

An Empire Nearing Breakdown

Unless all signs fail Austria is now tending toward a breakdown like that which wrecked Russia. Her population, made up of a score of races, contains millions who are actually disloyal and sympathize with the Allies, not the Central Powers. The Southern Slavs and the Italians have recently adjusted mutual rivalries over lands along the Adriatic. Italian claims to which in the past enlisted the Jugo-Slavs in the Hapsburg service. The Czechs of Bohemia have displayed new evidence of their age-long antipathy for the Germans. The Poles have been notoriously dissatisfied ever since the Brest-Litovsk arrangement, so dissatisfied that we now hear that they have had to be placated by a recession of the Cholm district. But such a recession would arouse the Ruthenians and the Ukrainians.

In a word, we know the discordant character of the Austro-Hungarian populations, and we see daily evidences of growing revolt among whole blocks of the population; we know that the economic question is acute, that the food problem is difficult, and we know that the present offensive, if it does come, will be the consequence of external pressure, not of internal policies.

Only A Side Show

Austria was, next to Russia, the weakest of the great nations of Europe at the beginning of the war, and Russian weaknesses have led to a collapse of Russia. It is too soon to indulge in prophecy; Austria has outlived five centuries of prophecy; but it is, at the least, far from impossible that an unsuccessful offensive or a locally successful offensive which costs too much may prove the last straw. At all events, this is a patent possibility of a new Italian campaign, the most important result which can be looked for.

But let us remember at all times that the Italian field is subordinate, that it is a "side show." The fate of the war and of the world will be decided in France and Belgium, and nowhere else, and the war will be won or lost as Germany is beaten or succeeds in her present final bid for a decision. The Italian operation is interesting; it may have important results with respect to the new Europe which is to come; but it will not, on the military side, influence materially the result of the gigantic duel now going on in Picardy and Flanders.

Via Armenia

From a speech by the Hon. Edward C. Little, of Kansas, in the American Congress.

The world could make no better financial and moral investment than to promote the best development of Armenia. Boghos Pasha Nubar, son of the great Nubar of Egypt, is now the chief spokesman of the Armenian race. He formulated their plans for a protectorate and presented them to the great powers. Recent events have been a menace to the Armenians so great that self-defense is their most immediate necessity. With the

Georgians they could put 200,000 men in the field to fight the Turks.

They ask the Allies now the means to arm, equip and maintain the 200,000 soldiers. Their best protection would be the total defeat of the Turk, and they could not afford to pause till that was accomplished. Every touch of sympathy, every dictate of reason, every requirement of our own interest, every rule of common sense, demands that the Allies comply with their wish for financial assistance and aid them to attain the realization of their highest hopes.

Years ago a young man of our race visited their country, a surveying engineer, sent by the British government from Cyprus. Then he went to Egypt to put that ancient kingdom again on its feet and set its face to the world, a result which he produced. Kitchener was a man of broad conceptions and thought in terms of universal purpose. He believed that the great English-speaking nations owed a duty to Egypt and Armenia, and was of that practical turn that forced him forward to the accomplishment of that duty.

Americans Last To Leave

He told me once that when the English fleet went into the harbor of Alexandria to stop the riot and restore order by defeating the army of Arabi Pasha they suggested the withdrawal of all foreign ships from that water before they should fire. The last to leave, said Kitchener, was an American ship-of-war, which fired past the entire English fleet as it sailed out with the bands playing and the signal flying, "I have a notion to go in with you." He believed that the world, with its people, was a bigger and better place than a ground for constant warfare between different peoples. Soon after I came home he wrote me, in his terse sentences, his views on that subject and his opinion that the two great nations should be a united power for good the world over, which he expressed in his direct and untrammelled way. He said:

Sirdarreh, Cairo, March 25, 1894. Dear Mr. Little: Many thanks for your congratulations. I am afraid the House of Lords may crumble and go before I reach them.

I often look back with pleasure to our conversations, and still look forward to the time when English-speaking races may be so drawn together by mutual interest that we shall stop any nonsense going on anywhere. I cannot imagine why there should now be any feeling against Britishers in America. We ought to be the closest friends.

Yours very truly,

HERBERT KITCHENER.

Enemies Had The Jump

At every stage of this great struggle, sir, our enemies have had the jump on the Allies. If they get it again in Siberia, in Armenia, what will happen to the book Fate keeps? You have a chance now to send the gallant soldiers of Japan on their way to Moscow to meet the Germans. You have the opportunity to put the Armenian on his feet, with arms in his hand to fight for you. But, gentlemen, in sixty days the knell may have struck upon that golden opportunity. Shall democracy or

autocracy rise to the occasion? All the men in Europe who were in the lead when the war began have practically disappeared from leadership. Anybody can get into this war, but they will be giants who fight it through and come out on top. Democracy must defeat autocracy before this conflict terminates, and where there is a better opportunity to set ourselves for the final thrust? Ten million dollars advanced to Tiflis, 100,000 more soldiers landed at Bagdad or Suva, a reasonably free hand to Japan might turn the tide of war.

fore this conflict terminates, and where there is a better opportunity to set ourselves for the final thrust? Ten million dollars advanced to Tiflis, 100,000 more soldiers landed at Bagdad or Suva, a reasonably free hand to Japan might turn the tide of war.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.

Kitano Maru Apr. 17

Kaga Maru May 31

For Liverpool

Iyo Maru Apr. 6

Shidzuoka Maru May 10

For San Francisco

Ecuador May 25

Korea Maru June 6

Siberia Maru June 13

For Seattle

Suwa Maru May 15

Fushimi Maru June 16

For Tacoma:

Arabia Maru June 12

Africa Maru June 17

For Vancouver

Monteagle May 21

Empress of Japan May 27

Key West May 27

For Marseilles, etc.

Kirishimayama Maru May 18

For Port Said:

Paul Lecat June 7

Sicawei Weather Reports

20.—Very fine and hot weather. Lightning at 8 p.m. in the Westward moderate S. to S.W. breezes. Thermometers rather steady in the Northern and Central districts; rising in the South.

21.—Very fine and hot weather. Barometers steady. Light E.S.E. breezes.

Friday, June 21, 1918.

WEATHER 4 A.M. 9 A.M.

Bar. at Cent., mm. 754.95 755.10

Bar. at Cent., inches. 29.72 29.73

Variation for mm 12h -0.25 -0.67

Variation for mm 24h +0.14 -1.12

Wind—Direction ESE ESE

Wind—Kilom per hour 13 15

Wind—Miles 8.1 9.5

Temperature—Sea 22.5 27.9

Temperature—Fah 72.7 82.2

Humidity co. 97 94

Nebulosity 5-10 5 3

Rainfall mm — —

Rainfall inches — —

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Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 22	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
June 24	—	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
June 27	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	Alexander
June 28	—	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 1	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	Alexander
July 2	—	Vancouver	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
July 3	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July 20	—	Tacoma & Seattle	Manila Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 21	—	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 21	—	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.R.
Aug. 3	—	Vancouver	Key West	Br.	C.P.R.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

June 22	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 25	—	Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama	Tategami Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 26	—	Kobe	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 29	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Oni Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 2	—	Nagasaki	Onna	Rus.	R.V.F.
July 2	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 5	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 10	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

June	—	Marseilles	Saigon Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
June 24	—	London, etc.	Hirano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	—	London, etc.	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	—	Marseilles	Shokwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	—	Port Said	Esan Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June 22	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June 22	10.00	Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
June 22	—	Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June 24	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
June 24	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.
June 25	—	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
June 26	—	Takao, F'chow, K'ung	Keelung	Jap.	O.S.K.
June 27	—	Hongkong	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	Alexander
June 27	—	D.L. Amoy, H'kong, & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
June 29	—	Hongkong & Manila	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July 3	—	Hongkong	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 9	—	Hongkong	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.R.
July 14	—	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.R.
July 16	—	Hongkong	Chicago Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June 22	D.L. Tsingtao	Eikishin Maru	Jap.	D.K.K.
June 23	10.00 Dairen, direct	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
June 23	10.00 W'wei, C'foo, T'sin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
June 25	noon W'wei, C'foo, T'sin	Fongtien	Br.	B. & S.
June 29	10.00 W'wei, C'foo, T'sin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
June 30	— Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 2	— Tientsin and Dairen	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
July 6	10.00 W'wei, C'foo & Antung	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

June 22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
June 22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June 24	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June 25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June 25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Taifoo	Br.	B. & S.
June 26	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
June 27	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
June 28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luanyi	Br.	B. & S.
June 29	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 21	—	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. B. & S.
June 21	—	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.N. Co.
June 21	—	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
June 21	—	Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 21	—	Hankow	Nanyang Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
June 21	—	Ningpo	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.
June 21	—	Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June 21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
June 21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
June 21	8.00 Chefoo & Tientsin	Esang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June 21	— Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.S. Co.
June 21	— Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
June 21	— Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Nanyang Maru, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail wharf on Saturday, June 22, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 22, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tatung Capt. C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, June 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Talee Maru Capt. G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Footing wharf on Monday, June 24, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyu, will leave on Monday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Kutwo tons 2664 Captain Gibb, will leave on Monday, June 24, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Kiangwo, tons 2174 Capt. Bennett, will leave on Tuesday, June 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wuchang, Captain Pickard, will leave on Wednesday, June 26, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungting Capt. R. A. Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, June 27, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Luanyi Capt. Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, June 28, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Poyang, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Yingchow, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 22, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WENCHOW.—The Str. Kwangchi, Capt. J. H. Davies, will leave on Saturday, afternoon. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Monday, June 24, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Sinkiang, Capt. H. A. Wavell, will leave on Tuesday, June 25, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via P.O. CHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer Keelung Maru, Captain S. Imai, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtseppoo wharf Wednesday, June 26, at 10 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

AMOI, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, June 27, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Chicago Maru, Captain T. Salto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtseppoo wharf on July 16, at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO and TIENSIN.—The Str. Hsinming, Capt. H. Mackenion, will leave on Sunday, morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from this French Bund on Sunday, June 23, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, June 25, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungchow, Captain Dennett, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 29, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENSIN and DAIREN.—The Steamer Kohoku Maru, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtseppoo wharf on Tuesday, July 2, at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungchow, Captain Dennett, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, June 29, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBÉ, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIZU, and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on June 16, Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at — on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

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For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luon Yi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtse and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts; &c. but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENSIN (and Peking via Tientsin).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOI, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON S.S.—Suiyang, Shuntien, Sinkiang, Yingchow, and Keelung.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with services to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday morning.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m. The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, &c. see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the Under-Signed, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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S.S. SANTA CRUZ AUG. 10	S.S. SANTA CRUZ Sept. 25

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EUROPEAN LINE For Marseilles "SAIGON MARU" (3,000 tons) Capt. S. Kondo, End of June

AMERICAN LINE Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Yokohama and Victoria or Vancouver, B. C. For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. arr. leave. "MANILA MARU" (18,000 tons) Capt. N. Kobayashi, July 26, July 27

For Hongkong "CHICAGO MARU" (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Salto, July 15, July 16

CHINA COASTING LINE For Tientsin and Dairen "KOHOKU MARU" (2,610 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, June 29, July 2

For Fookchow, Keelung (Formosa) and Takao "KEELUNG MARU" (1,569 tons) Capt. S. Imai, June 24, June 26

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to: H. SHIMAMURA, Manager, OSAKA SHOEN KAISHA Union Building, 4 The Bund. Tel. Address: SHOEN, SHANGHAI. Tels. 4234, 4235.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag	Rating	Tons	Guns	Man	Commander
ODW	Aug. 13	Hankow	D de Lagree	Fr	g-b.				
8D	June 9	Cruise	Gat	Br	g-b.				
8D	Oct. 27	Y'tze	Monocacy	Am	g-b.	190			McFeater
OD	May 29	Cruise	Nightingale	Br	g-b.				
8D	May 29	Cruise	Palos	Am	g-b.	190	2	46	H. Ielano
8D	June 11	Cruise	Teal	Br	g-b.				
8D	May 18	Cruise	Toba	Jap	g-b.				
1YTPDW	May 10	Cruise	Woodlark	Br	g-b.	150	6	36	

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To CANADA, UNITED STATES and EUROPE via VANCOUVER

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Empress of Japan July 20	Empress of Japan July 9
Monteagle July 31	Monteagle July 14
Key West Aug. 9	Key West July 26
Empress of Japan Sept. 14	Empress of Japan Sept. 3
Monteagle Oct. 5	Monteagle Sept. 21

* Monteagle calls at Moji

† Key West. Cargo only.

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G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building, Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc. apply to

L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

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AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Tozawa,	June 30
KATOH MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	July 29
SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and K-be.)			
TATSUMI MARU	4,500	Capt. N. Tsuruhashi,	June 25
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	July 2
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Solda,	July 5

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	June 29
CHIKUEN MARU	5,500	Capt. N. Nojiri,	July 2
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. A. Nakamata,	July 6
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	July 10

FOR JAPAN

MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Murasimi,	June 26

KORE TO SEATTLE

ATSUTA MARU		Capt. K. Inatsu,	July 12

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000		July 3
KASHIMA MARU	19,000		Sept. 3

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	31,000		July 22
FUJIMI MARU	31,000		Aug. 19

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

TANGO MARU	14,000		June 19
NIKKO MARU	10,000		July 17
AKI MARU	12,500		Aug. 31

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The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korea ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

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Yamato Hotel, Dairen.—Finest hotel in the Far East. Cleanest city in the Orient. Capital centre for holiday trips.

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Yamato Hotel, Port Arthur.—Coolest and healthiest place in the Far East, close to the famous landlocked harbor, and surrounded with magnificent scenery. Miles of charming walks and drives, historic battlefields and ruined and dismantled forts. Two miles from Ogondai (Golden Beach) Holiday Resort.

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Chosen Hotel, Seoul.—Luxurious hotel in the capital of Korea.

Station Hotel, Fusan.—For visitors entering or leaving Korea by sea.

Station Hotel, Shingishu.—For Antung on opposite bank of River Yalu.

Kongosan Hotel, Onseiri.—For tourists and visitors to the famous Diamond Mountain in Korea, rivaling Switzerland in scenery.

All on Foreign lines under direct management of the S.M.R. Co.

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Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press

should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday.

HONORS ARE PILED UP
FOR PRINCE ARTHUR

Is Shown Armor Of First Shogun, Hitherto Seen Only By Meiji Emperor

Reuter's Pacific Service

Tokio, June 21.—Prince Tokugawa, the Speaker of the House of Peers, gave a luncheon in honor of H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught today, the heads of the Tokugawa families participating.

Afterwards the swords and armor worn by the first Shogun, Iyeyasu, which are sacred treasures of the Tokugawa family, were shown to H.R.H. Prince Arthur and the heads of the Tokugawa families and, so far, have been shown only to the Meiji Emperor on the occasion of his visit.

Later the Prince attended a tea party given in his honor by the Princess Dowager Arisugawa.

This evening His Royal Highness is the guest of Field-Marshal Prince Fushimi at dinner.

Tokio, June 20.—In the name of the 4,500 boys of the eleven schools maintained by the Tokyo Prefectural authorities, the following address was presented today to H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught:

"In welcoming Your Royal Highness to the capital of this Empire, we boys of all the schools established and maintained by the Tokyo Prefectural authorities have the honor to tender our most respectful good wishes to Your Royal Highness and at the same time express our unbounded admiration for the indomitable courage and perseverance shown by your countrymen in the titanic struggle now in progress.

"The services which are being rendered by the British people in the cause of peace, civilization, justice and humanity are so conspicuous and unparalleled that there need be no comment from us. We of the rising generation of Japan, trained in the tenets of Bushido, which inculcate loyalty, generosity and simplicity, can not be but deeply impressed by the unwavering patriotism and devotion of the youths of the British Empire who are cheerfully laying down their lives in battle or doing their bit behind the lines for their King and country.

"Brought up in the firm conviction that the Anglo-Japanese alliance is the cornerstone of our country's international relations, we boys of Japan are making every effort to train both mind and body so that we may be worthy to co-operate with the young men of the British Empire in making for our common goal of peace and civilization."

"In offering a cordial welcome to Your Highness on this, the third of your visits to these shores, we have the privilege of saluting the illustrious Prince of a nation long allied with us in peace and war, and we avail ourselves of this opportunity to proffer our humble request that Your Highness will, on your return, do us the favor of conveying our hearty greetings to the youths of the nation with whom we have every desire to maintain relations of true and lasting friendship."

(Signed)

K. Takizawa,

Principal of the Aoyama Normal School.

M. Kawada,

Principal of the First Middle School.

T. Ishiguro,

Principal of the Technical School.

On the occasion of the reception given today by H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught at Kasumigaoka Palace, Field Marshal Prince Yamagata, Baron Goto, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Admiral Kato, the Minister of the Navy, and twenty-eight others were honored with British decorations.

Coalition Ministry
Forming In Bulgaria

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, June 19.—A telegram from Sofia states that the leader of the Democrats, M. Malinov, who was designated for the post of Premier by a large majority of the Opposition, has begun negotiations for the formation of a Coalition Ministry.

POLICE SEEK MURDERER

Police detectives are combing the settlement in search of a Chinese believed to have been implicated in the murder of Ah Kung, a Chinese actor, on Hupeh Road, Thursday night. No arrests had been made up to a late hour last night.

The police have little to work with as Ah Kung was unconscious when his assistants reached him and he died ten minutes after his admittance to Shantung Road Hospital. He was stabbed twice through the chest and body.

A Chinese policeman found the dying man lying senseless on the footboard of a public ricksha and immediately sent him to the hospital.

SOOCHOW COMMENCEMENT

The twelfth annual commencement at Soochow University and graduating exercises for the College of Arts and Sciences, Law Department and Middle School will be held at the University Tuesday, July 2. June 29 has been designated as Alumni Day, the baccalaureate sermon will be preached Sunday morning, June 30, at 10 o'clock, and the inter-society debate will be held on the morning of July 1. The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees will be held on the afternoon of July 1.

HONGKONG'S BIG GIFT

Reuter's Pacific Service
Hongkong, June 21.—Hongkong has made a gift to the Imperial Government of a further 1250,000 towards the general expenses of the war.Parliament Cheers
King Of Rumania(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Amsterdam, June 19.—A message from Bukharest states that loud cheers greeted the appearance of the King of Rumania at the opening of Parliament and also at a reference in his speech stating that any prolongation of the resistance of Rumania would have completely exhausted the country. Rumania, he said, had concluded a peace which had been forced upon her.Gen. Foch Succeeding
In His Plan, Says Times

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 17.—The Times says that Generalissimo Foch's part is not to play the brilliant game but to annihilate his adversary's plan and oblige him to disclose his hand and thus prevent him winning the rubber. General Foch has succeeded magnificently. No German defeat has been more sanguinary or complete. Whatever the future may bring, we deeply congratulate General Foch for his clever work.

BRITISH NAVAL CHANGES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—The Gazette announces that Commodore Bartolomeo, Naval Secretary the First Lord of the Admiralty, has been appointed successor to Rear Admiral Halsey, the Third Sea Lord.

Sir Robertson Stevenson Horne has been appointed successor to Dr. Garrett Anderson.

Germany's Colonies
Must Be Kept, He Says

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 19.—The Premier of New Zealand, Mr. P. W. Massey, at a speech at the British Empire Producers' luncheon today, emphasized the paramount importance of retaining the German colonies and also the necessity after the war of a prohibition of commercial, financial, social and political activities of enemy aliens within the Empire.

He urged the adoption of an Imperial fiscal preference, including preference for British ships between ports in the Empire, and added that there should be generous treatment given to the trade of our Allies.

Elizabeth Lloyd, fully qualified in obstetrics, having had 12 years' experience in London and Liverpool Hospitals, is prepared to take cases.

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Local

Express

Local

Shanghai North

Zahkou

Shanghai South

Lunghua Junction

Sungking

Kashu

Kashu

Yehshu

Changshu

Hangchow

Zahkou

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU

KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE.

ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

R. Restaurant Car.

Shipping Items

The P.M. Pacific Liner Colombia

left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The L-C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The L-C. s.s. Tuckwo, left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Sulyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. China left Hongkong for Shanghai and the States yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Hiranomaru (European Line) with mails left Moji, for Shanghai on Thursday, may be expected to arrive at Lower Buoys today about 7 a.m.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Tategami Maru (Yokohama Shanghai Line) with mails left Nagasaki for Shanghai on Thursday may be expected to arrive at Wayside wharf today about 2 p.m.

THE CATHAY LACE CO.

19 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Chief Manufacturers
and Exporters of Hand-made
Laces, Embroideries, Etc.Big Stock
of
FILET LACES

for

WHOLESALE

AMERICAN

APPLE CIDER

APPLE CIDER

APPLE CIDER

SWEET

PURE

&

WHOLESALE

For Sale by All Clubs, Hotels

and Stores,

Connell Bros. Company,

Agents, Shanghai and Hongkong.

Tientsin, July 1917.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up

(Main Line)

Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS

Local

Fast

Slow

Coolie & Goods

Local

Express

Local

Shanghai North

Soochow

Wuxi

Zhangjiaping

Nanking

Shanghai North

Soochow

Wuxi

Zhangjiaping

Nanking

Shanghai North

Soochow

Wuxi

Zhangjiaping

Nanking

Shanghai North

Soochow

Wuxi

Zhangjiaping

Nanking

Shanghai North

Soochow

Wuxi

Zhangjiaping

Nanking

Shanghai North

Soochow

Wuxi

Zhangjiaping

Nanking

Shanghai North

Soochow

Wuxi

Zhangjiaping

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 11	Manila	Bussie Dollar		
June 13	Hankow	Changong		
June 15	—	Canto		
June 15	—	Chiyocho Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 18	—	Chincho	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 13	Chinwangtao	Fukukien Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 11	—	Hankow	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 19	—	Hokushin Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 10	—	Jun Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 10	—	Kurama Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 15	—	Kaio Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 17	—	Kouin Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 15	—	Shoyei Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 18	—	Shinten Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 11	—	Taiten Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 15	—	Tategama Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 15	—	Upolu	Jap.	San Peh S.N.
June 11	—	Yelko Maru	Jap.	San Peh S.N.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

000 = Midnight, 1330 = 130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Peking-Mukden Line

Luxe

Mail

Luxe

Mail

Luxe

Mail

Business and Official Notices

Noel, Murray & Co., Ltd.

Having been favored with instructions from
R. S. ADAMS, Esq.
Will sell at his Residence
No. 475 AVENUE JOFFRE
(Just beyond Route de Say Zoong)
on
MONDAY, the 24th JUNE,
Commencing at 10 a.m.

The Surplus Household Furniture and Effects

Contained therein:
Comprising:—
HALL,
DRAWING ROOM,
DINING ROOM,
3 BED ROOM
REQUISITES.

Including:—
Camphor-wood Wardrobe, Writing Table, Book Cases and Book Shelves, Tapestry Covered Double Spring Chesterfield Couch, Wicker Couch with Cushions, Glass-door Music Cabinet, Fancy Wicker Chairs, American Cane Seated Rocking Chairs, Round Dining Table, Cane Seated Dining Chairs, Sideboard, Screens, Occasional Table, Complete White Enamelled Bedroom Suite, Chest of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Double Brass-mounted Iron Bedstead, Single Iron Bedsteads with Bedding, Curtains, Pictures, Ornaments, Glass and Crockery Ware, Pantry and Kitchen Requisites.

also
One Fine-toned Upright Grand Piano by "Winkelmann"
One "Victor" Victrola in Mahogany Case
One "Singer's" Treadle Sewing Machine
One Pair Single Square Post Brass Bedsteads
One Almost New Ice Chest by H. and H., Tennis Net with Iron Poles, Tennis Bats
One Gent's Saddle with Bridle and Pony Blanket
One Lawn Mower
One Stone Roller
And a small lot of Pot Plants

On View from Saturday noon and Sunday, the 22nd and 23rd inst. Descriptive Catalogues on the Premises.
19th June, 1918.

MOBILOLS

The VACUUM OIL COMPANY'S local prices for Mobilols and Motor Grease will be as follows from this date:—

Gg. Mobilol "A," "B," "BB," "E" and Arctic:
6x1-I.G. cans Tls. 16.45 per case net
Gg. Mobilol "A" and "B":
1x5-W.G. cans Tls. 8.75 per can net
Gg. Mobilol "CC" for Transmission:
1x4-I.G. cans Tls. 9.40 per can net
Motor Grease Medium:
12x5-lb. cans Tls. 20.00 per case net
Obtainable at the Principal Garages.
20th June, 1918.

JUNE 29th

OLYMPIC THEATRE

BRITISH NAVAL AIR FIGHTERS
One of the greatest films ever seen in China, and showing in wonderful pictures a little of
BRITISH AIR POWER

Also to be shown
MESOPOTAMIA
Incidents and Scenes in the Great Battle on the Western Front, etc., etc.

Booking at Moutrie's opens on Wednesday morning.
Prices as usual.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

NOTICE

I have this day authorised Mr. E. Mazzi to sign my name per pro-curation.
G. A. BENA.
Shanghai, June 20th, 1918.

NOTICE

In virtue of the Power of Attorney given to me by Messrs. FRANCESCO CINZANO & CO., TORINO SOCIETA' COMMISIONARIA d'ESPORTAZIONE, MILANO SOCIETA' ANONIMA BENIGNO CRESPI, MILANO.

I have this day authorised Mr. E. Mazzi to sign the above Firms per pro-curation.
G. A. BENA.
Shanghai, June 20th, 1918.

TURKISH BATH

and Massage establishment, fat people reduce and benefit your health. We also cure rheumatism, nervousness, sciatica, gout, lumbago, neuralgia and alcoholic and nicotine poison.
15 years' experience in U.S.A.
Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768. 25 North Soochuen Road.

BILL SMITH

says:

FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS ALWAYS USE REYNELL'S HIRANO WATER

ASK BILL!

Garner, Quelch & Co.
Sole Agents

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants, Building Contractors—Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI.

Alcohol Fans, Spring Hinges and Green Wire Cloth.

The Siberian Situation is again acute and the possibility of intervention is imminent. Every move in this connection has a very vital interest for every foreign and Chinese business man in Shanghai and all China. These matters and their significance are discussed in this week's issue of

MILLARD'S REVIEW

No forward-thinking man can afford to ignore these matters. The success or failure of your business in the future may depend upon your knowledge and information regarding these events.

If you are not yet a regular reader of the REVIEW, begin today. Telephone Central 4741 or place your order with the Shanghai Newspaper Stand on Nanking Road near Palace Hotel. The important point is to attend to it at once.

JUST PUBLISHED

The Educational Directory and Year Book of China, 1918,

420 Pages. Illustrated. Price \$3 net.

On sale at Ed. Evans & Sons; Kelly & Walsh; Mission Book Co.; Commercial Press.

Part I:

A Review of the Year, 1917.
The Ministry of Education:
Syllabus of Instruction in Primary, Higher Primary and Middle Schools.
Statistics of Education in China.
List of Government Officials. (With Portraits.)
Academic Costume in China (Illustrated). Showing the British and American University Usage, and what Chinese graduates are wearing.
Teaching of Drawing in Chinese Schools (Illustrated). By A Silver Medalist.
Canton Christian College (Illustrated).
Government Education in Peking and Its Results (Illustrated).
Educational Societies and Organizations.
University of Hongkong: Regulations of the Junior and Senior Local and Matriculation Examinations.

Part II:

A Directory of Teachers in Universities, Colleges and Schools in which English or other foreign languages are taught, and other people connected with Education in China.

Part III:

A List of Schools, Colleges, Universities, Medical Schools, Etc., in which English or other foreign languages are taught, together with Names of Staff and other Information relating to each Institution.

An Art Prize Competition for Teachers and Students.

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)

Stocks of
Metals, Hardware and Sundries.
Contractors to
GOVERNMENTS, MUNICIPALITIES, RAILWAYS, TRAMWAYS, ETC.



"MODERN"

DUPLICATOR - PRINTER

Works with a clay (petty-ink) composition which keeps good in all climates. The pad is cleaned as easily as erasing writing from a slate. Contains no glue or gelatine.

WILL MAKE 50 COPIES

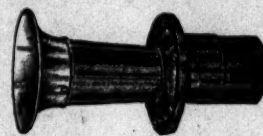
WORKS WITH COPYING CARBON OR RIBBON From \$12.00 to \$20.00 according to size

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

4 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI

Stewart Motor-Driven

WARNING = SIGNAL



Not an "electric horn" with only a common vibrator, but a WARNING SIGNAL with a REAL MOTOR and a big push button that can be operated by the slightest touch of the hand, arm, elbow or finger.

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO. CONFECTIONERS

No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 3829

FOR SEATTLE

"YESAKI MARU"

(transhipment at Kobe)

Cargo from Shanghai to be forwarded not later than July 10th.

"DAIREN MARU"

(Kobe-transhipment)

Cargo from Shanghai to be forwarded not later than the middle of July.

For particulars, apply to

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Export Department), Shanghai.

Tel. N. 167

TONNAGE FOR MARSEILLES

"SHOKWA MARU"

Sailing hence early in July.

"FUKURA MARU"

Sailing hence July or August.

TONNAGE FOR PORT SAID

"CANTON MARU"

Sailing hence end of July.

"YESAN MARU"

Sailing hence end of August.

For particulars, please apply to

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Acting Agents),

Export Department—S'hai.

Tel. N. 167.

LOST

A Godown bill, No. 1567, for 50 chests of "Pagoda" Brand Soap, issued by Messrs. Brunner, Mond and Co., was lost on the way.

The public are hereby warned against accepting or negotiating the said bill, as it has been declared null and void.

This notice also appears in the Sin Wan Pao and Shun Pao.

WHA SHING & CO.,

Pingwang.

平望華興公司

HONMA HOSPITAL,

No. 8a Miller Road. Tel. North 2961.

DR. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokyo and Fukuoka.)

Internal Medicine, Children's Diseases.

DR. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)

Women's Diseases, Skin Diseases, Venereal Diseases.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

HOUSES TO LET

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.
Telephone North 482.

No. 8 Quinsan Gardens

To let with board comfortable furnished rooms, with every convenience. Excellent cuisine, accommodation for table boarders. Terms moderate. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

WANTED, bachelor to join comfortable home, cool comfortable room, fine view, near Race Course. Tennis court: Good table \$90 all inclusive. Apply to Box 470, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET in British home, comfortable attic rooms, with board at moderate rates. 12a Quinsan Gardens.

TO LET: For two months, from July 1st, a furnished flat, one block from Bund. Very cool, open on four sides. Porcelain baths, shower, douche, etc. Electric fans throughout. A most comfortable summer home. Apply to Box 465, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET: With or without board, beautifully furnished rooms in a private family. Telephone and other conveniences. Apply to Box 446, THE CHINA PRESS.

CENTRAL: To let large cheerful room with board, suitable for two bachelor friends or married couple. Also small room, bathroom attached. Apply Mrs. Benn, 9 Hankow Road, top floor.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

GODOWN FOR RENT. Two upper floors of three story brick godown to rent or lease. Will rent separately or as a whole. Each floor contains about 900 square feet. Light, airy and clean and within one block of Bund and Customs jetty. Full particulars and inspection on application to Box 466, THE CHINA PRESS.

FOR RENT: Office flat, No. 1 Hongkong Road, eight rooms, separate entrance, well lighted, facing North. Immediate occupancy. Apply to Andersen, Meyer and Co., Ltd., Manufacturing Dept., No. 7 Yuen-ming-yuen Road.

SITUATIONS WANTED

AMERICAN ATTORNEY, with three years' practice, admitted in two States, wants position as briefier or general assistant in legal firm. Moderate salary expected. Apply to Box 467, THE CHINA PRESS.

The Kailan Mining Administration

NOTICE

As the financial year of the Administration ends on the 30th instant, it is particularly requested that Creditors will present their accounts for payment on or before that date.

Restaurant

Regular Dinner from 7.30 to 9.30 p.m. High class meals and short orders served at all hours.

The Astor Grill Rooms
13-14 Broadway

TO LET: 20 Yates Road, excellent 8 roomed residence, tennis, garage, completely renovated. Inspection and occupation any time. Rent Tals 140. J. T. Hammond, 38 Nanking Road.

TO LET, 320 Avenue Joffre, residence of 6 good rooms. Rent Tals 55. Inspection any time. J. T. Hammond, 38 Nanking Road.

TO LET: No. 6 Wayside Road, corner residence of five good rooms, near Wayside tram. Rent Tals 60. Apply premises for inspection; further particulars Hammond, No. 38 Nanking Road.

TO LET, 484 Rue Eugene Bard, at Dubail tram. Excellent 6 roomed semi-detached residence. Rent Tals 70. Apply premises or Hammond, 38 Nanking Road.

EDUCATIONAL

H. TENG, experienced teacher, 125 Cunningham Road, wishes to give more private lessons on abacus, Mandarin or Shanghai dialect at leisure.

TEACHERS WANTED: Men or women to teach English in a Missionary Middle School in a city near Shanghai. Please apply giving sex, age, nationality, qualifications and references, to Box 469, THE CHINA PRESS.

UNIVERSITY GRADUATE, reliable experienced and painstaking, will have spare time to help private students in their homes during the summer vacation or for next term. Please address 759 Avenue Road.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1 Museum Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED for local hotel experienced bookkeeper. Reply, stating age, qualifications, references, etc., to Box 435, THE CHINA PRESS.

Exchange and Mart

WANTED immediately, 150 pounds of American saccharine, crystals or powder. Send full particulars as to price, grade and packing to Box 471, THE CHINA PRESS.

MOSQUITO SCREENS—Sun shades and awnings are our specialties. V. K. Shen & Son (Furniture Makers and Interior Decorators for 23 years), 9 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 1710.

FOR SALE: English bull-dog, colour brindle, imported from England, first-class pedigree; also Japanese puppies 3 months old. Apply to Box 459, THE CHINA PRESS.

FOR SALE: A very stylish Australian horse, victoria, set of new harness, 3 suits maffoo's uniform, 2 sets of covers for carriage. For order to view, please apply to Box 442, THE CHINA PRESS.

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 8